RED SUN

28February 2007

- NEW DOCUMENT FROM THE COMMUNIST PARTY OF PERU
 CRUSH THE NEW COUNTERREVOLUTIONARY
 HOAX OF "GENERAL AMNESTY"!
- ★ UPHOLDING, DEFENDING AND APPLYING MARXISM-LENINISM-MAOISM IS THE DECISIVE POINT IN ORDER TO DEVELOP THE WORLD PROLETARIAN REVOLUTION, DEMOLISH IMPERIALISM AND THE INTERNATIONAL REACTION AND CRUSH REVISIONISM!
- **★** LET'S CELEBRATE THE 40TH ANNIVERSARY OF THE GREAT PROLETARIAN CULTURAL REVOLUTION!
- NATIONAL SITUATION:
 THE PARTY VICTORIOUSLY CONFRONTS THE NEW
 COUNTERREVOLUTIONARY WAR PLANS OF THE NEW GOVERNMENT
 OF THE FASCIST, GENOCIDAL AND COUNTRY-SELLING ALAN GARCIA
- ***** INTERNATIONAL SITUATION:
 - THE FASCIST CHAVEZ GOVERNMENT
 - GREATER DEVELOPMENT OF THE NEW GREAT WAVE OF THE WORLD PROLETARIAN REVOLUTION
 - THE SITUATION CAN BURST... AT ANY MOMENT

RED SUN

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Editorial

At the time of the publication of this issue of our magazine, the Communist Party of Peru and all its organizations, including the MPP, its organization for the Party work abroad, is carrying out the current campaign to celebrate the 40th anniversary of the Great Proletarian Cultural Revolution. This campaign, victoriously initiated with the International Conference in Hamburg on the 9th of September 2006, is not a mere commemoration of the great victories of the past, but a campaign to uphold, defend and apply the principles of our class – the principles of Marxism-Leninism-Maoism, principally Maoism, our universally valid ideology, and the masterful contributions of our Great Leader Chairman Gonzalo. It is also a part of the ongoing campaign for Maoism, led by our Party, and inseparably linked to this, the campaign to defend the life of Chairman Gonzalo. It is a campaign carried out with implacable ideological struggle and with the glorious actions of our people's war. It is with our immense revolutionary joy that we present in this issue the latest document of the Central Committee of our Party – once more showing before the world how the Communist Party of Peru is fulfilling its role as red faction of the international communist movement and applies Gonzalo thought to wage the class struggle in Peru and abroad – because the Party has been able to solve the problem of leadership, and we count on a leadership forged, proven and recognized, forged in the people's war, and not like the miserable rats, nursed by the CIA.

Why do we insist in these points? Why do we insist in defending our Great Leadership? The people's war? The dictatorship of the proletariat? Precisely for the same reason that the enemy, imperialism, reaction and revisionism, never ceases to furiously and desperately attack them: because these points are decisive for the triumph of the world proletarian revolution – to finally sweep away imperialism, exploitation and oppression off the face of the earth. It is not strange then, that the enemy trembles with horror before the Great Proletarian Cultural Revolution and calls it the "greatest crime in history": never before had the significance of the Great Leadership of the revolution been shown so clearly before the world, never before had our class advanced so far in mobilizing the masses for the revolutionary violence and the ideological struggle in order to consolidate the dictatorship of the proletariat, and thus solved the pending question of how to continue the revolution and march on towards communism.

These questions can never be questions about tactics, and the struggle against those that oppose these principles can never be about "minor differences". It is an ideological struggle, between proletarian ideology and bourgeois ideology, i.e. between Marxism and revisionism. Today, to the sound of new revisionism, comrade Avakian and some within the CoRIM repeat monotonously and dogmatically the desperate hoaxes of the enemy. While they try desperately to present themselves as brand new and creative, all they have managed is to drag up the old rotten banners of the bourgeoisie – like the idea of "classless" science and knowledge. But in the era of the world proletarian revolution, this bourgeois "objectivity" in reality always means rejecting the revolution and defending and promoting counterrevolution. It is with this "classless" conception of the truth that the new revisionists find the words of reactionary murderers and traitorous rats to be reasonable and believable, but the words of communists waging people's war to be "dogmatic". In fact, one may recall how the revisionists in China, the capitalist roaders condemned during the Great Proletarian Cultural Revolution, screamed about "calming down" and the importance of being "sensible" and "sober".

Therefore, in this issue we present, instead of "sober looks", the objective reality of what is happening in the present situation in our country and in the world. That is, without letting oneself be swept up in the feelings of general counterrevolutionary desperation that some find so hard to resist. Our Great Leader Chairman Gonzalo, even though in the hands of the enemy, as a communist represents the Party, and where he is he is a fortress of the Party, applying "combat and resist" for the people's war. Therefore, Chairman Gonzalo continues to be the worst nightmare of all reactionaries – because he is the one that has defined Maoism as the third, new and higher stage of Marxism, because his all-powerful Gonzalo thought guides the invincible people's war in Peru and will be enthroned in the hearts and minds of the peoples of the world, proving that Maoism is universally valid, that the people's war is the strategy of the proletariat to apply in every corner of the world, and that conquering the power for the proletariat and the people is not only possible, but unavoidable. Therefore, under the direct leadership of Yankee imperialism, the Peruvian reaction and its lackeys the rats of the revisionist and capitulationist ROL have set up and continue to set up their hoaxes against Chairman Gonzalo and the people's war. Therefore, they do anything to avoid that Chairman Gonzalo ever speaks to the people again and set up their plans to murder him. Therefore, they try desperately to convince the world that Chairman Gonzalo

zalo is behind the "peace letters", and try to attribute to him the revisionist rubbish that "there are not conditions for waging people's war" – in Peru or in the world. In their futile attempts to impose these hoaxes throughout the world, they do not refrain from using any methods they can: their control of the media, their continuous propaganda, all this accompanied by their use of torture, the genocide in the prisons and in the countryside, and of course the staging of the farce of the "new trial" against Chairman Gonzalo. Like our Party foresaw, the new government of the fascist genocidal Alan García, applying the Yankee imperialist theory of "low-intensity" warfare, is the one that now manages the hoaxes and finds new use for the rats of the ROL. Our Party has already unmasked their current plans to use the relatives in coordination with the lawyers and the reaction, in another vain attempt to halt the people's war, and their counterrevolutionary hoax of "general amnesty".

But these counterrevolutionary plans are not only meant to halt the revolution in Peru. As our Party points out: "Because of Chairman Gonzalo's influence within the RIM, imperialism and revisionism were eager for the positions of the ROL to repercute in the RIM, attacking the Marxist thesis of Great Leaderships and Great Leaders of the revolution, with the so-called cult of personality, attacking the military theory, the people's war, separating it from the Support Bases, its objective to aim at the fundamental in Gonzalo thought; the power." This is the role of the new revisionists – to separate Chairman Gonzalo from his all-powerful thought, Gonzalo thought, from the people's war, and separate the people's war from its essence the new power, the support bases – thus serving the plans of imperialism on world level. This is the content of their "classless truth" and their "investigations", and this has repercussions in some, like in Nepal, where these revisionists are trying to change the course of the revolution, and like our Central Committee asserts: "The Communist Party is for initiating and leading a people's war, not for coexisting and sharing responsibilities with the bureaucratic bourgeoisie. This destroys it, adapts it, they turn into fascist parties – it is a great responsibility of the comrades from Nepal."

It is with the revolutionary optimism that belongs to our class that we present this issue of Red Sun. Because we know that the communists of the world will always go against the current, implacably struggling against revisionism, upholding, defending and applying Marxism-Leninism-Maoism, principally Maoism, and will always take up their responsibility in every corner of the world, initiating and developing people's war until our final goal, the ever golden communism.

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Document of the PCP:

Proletarians of all countries, unite!

CRUSH THE NEW COUNTERREVOLUTIONARY HOAX OF "GENERAL AMNESTY"!

Central Committee Communist Party of Peru August 2006

> **Red Banner Publications**

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Proletarians of all countries, unite!

CRUSH THE NEW COUNTERREVOLUTIONARY HOAX OF "GENERAL AMNESTY"!

To the Peruvian proletariat and people, To the national and international public opinion.

"The conclusion reached by all patriotic political parties and groups and by all our patriotic fellow-countrymen was: "To fight is to survive, not to fight is to perish." The conclusion reached by all the capitulationists was: "To fight is to perish, not to fight is to survive."... ...the conclusion of the war group is "to fight is to survive, to make peace is to perish"; the conclusion of the peace group is "to make peace is to survive, to fight is to perish".

Chairman Mao Tse Tung Vol. II, pp. 251-55.

The Central Committee, reaffirming itself unconditionally in our beloved and respected Chairman Gonzalo, Great Leader of the Party and the revolution, who with his all-powerful Gonzalo thought takes us to our goal the ever golden Communism, as well as in our Basis of Party Unity with its three elements; salutes the Peruvian people, very especially the masses that persist heroically defending the new power with people's war, all the masses inside and outside the country that are serving the people's war, the Revolutionary Internationalist Movement, the Parties and organizations that support our heroic people's war, understood as a part of the world revolution.

The Communist Party of Peru calls to unmask and crush the new counterrevolutionary hoax, staged by Yankee imperialism through this fascist and genocidal APRA government, with the complicity of the traitors of the ROL, in essence revisionist and capitulationist, miserable ones that since 1992 have started their sinister counterrevolutionary work.

Our Peruvian people has been forged and has advanced in the revolutionary violence, in its various forms and gradations, conquering demands, rights and freedoms, since nothing came from heaven, everything has been conquered by it with revolutionary violence, in hard and heroic conflict against the reactionary violence; conquering its rights and crushing its enemies. The revolutionary violence is, in essence, inherent to the process of our history. The Peruvian revolution, our democratic revolution, the emancipation of the people and of the class, will be materialized with a heroic and grandiose revolutionary epic achievement of our people, that is, with people's war.

And, on the other hand, the reaction is leading the counterrevolutionary war following the conceptions of its master, Yankee imperialism, a theory established by it on the counterrevolutionary war (low intensity), that Alan García ap-

plies today; hence its unavoidable and principal responsibility. Today they stage a new counterrevolutionary hoax of "general amnesty", within their counterrevolutionary strategy, that will be unmasked, crushed and defeated totally and completely by the people's war.

A hoax that is carried out with the traitors of the revisionist and capitulationist ROL, correctly defined by the Central Committee, for its black and sinous road; ROL that has been shifting according to the government of the moment, the reality is concrete: the ROL does not, and will not, take a single step without the consent, without the logistics, without the leadership of the Armed Forces, particularly the Navy, that works as a cover for the CIA (therefore it does not give a hoot about the Peruvian waters). The ROL had help since the arrest of the Chairman to select the prisoners, and place themselves strategically in certain prisons, they obtained the liberty for their relatives – some are in Chile since '93; they had leaflets distributed from Army helicopters in El Huallaga, Ayacucho, in Lima, mainly; they were brought to the SIN and the Naval Base of Callao to receive CIA directives and then go out saying that the national Leadership had held a meeting with them. Since when does the reaction look for locals for the Party, for the Party meetings? Are they naive? No! It is part of the counterrevolutionary war, it is their need to annihilate the revolution, we do not think that they care for the Party, about the "so-called fourth stage". No! If they mobilized resources, if they mobilized the Armed Forces, lackeys, reactionary press, synchronized and parametered, it was only because they want to annihilate the people's war – this is their real interest.

In '92 they staged the hoax: "The Chairman's refusal of legal defense", saying that he did not want lawyers for his defense because it clashed with the "Peace Accords", so as to serve to his isolation, that the lawyers that were afterwards detained have the evidence of this. In '93, monitored by the Armed Forces, helped by the reactionary press and their CIA-agent Montesinos-Fujimori, they presented the "so-called peace accord" in which they put forward to neutralize the PLA, neutralize and centralize the arms of the Party, and then they said that it was not opportune to say this, their objective; to spread capitulation in the revolutionary ranks and rein back the people's war. The ones that lent themselves to give credibility to this were the miserable Morote, Pantoja, Salas; traitors that coordinated the requisitions, the ones transfered from the prisoners of war to different prisons, the softening up (tortures), to separate those that are for the people's war in order to in this way make take over the STC [Shining Trenches of Combat – transl.], etc, all planned by the SIN and the CIA through Montesinos, by telephone or directly, to afterwards go to the prisons saying: "I met the chairman".

All was denounced timely by the Party and crushed with overwhelming actions – the hoax and the infiltration of miserable ones that wanted to take the Party organisations by assault.

Then came "c. Nancy's" so-called self-criticism, and they said crush the "splitting block". Were they filled with courage? They dreamt of "sealing the unity..."; the reaction said with this we break the Party, our answer was striking in the different committees, concretely: not an inch in unity with them.

A self-criticism that was written by SIN-agents, like the letters of the "PA", of which the only thing left is the videos that were edited with the support of canal 2 and 4, as well as the audio transcriptions that were verified by the experts of their judicial power. (Published on the web).

In the STC, reactionaries and traitors had no mercy on the best sons of the people, murdering them, making them disappear; with their bundle of: "Ideological, Political and Organizational Consolidation that Serves......" they used fascist methods on the Party members for them to accept their rotten things at any price. The ones from the ROL were used and made dream of forming a new red fraction, a runt that got their efforts out of control, typical of their ilk, with the objective of throwing themselves against a Marxist principle: "A revolution is not led from prison". Concretely they aimed at: annihilating the PCP, the people's war, the international support and slander and assasinate Chairman Gonzalo.

The Party demands the public and direct presentation of our Great Leadership; the reaction, their hack journalists and judges hit the ceiling, shrieked out of tune and felt like they were dying; Benedicto was left dysfunctional, Cabala went to the extreme, saying they want to kill me – for that miserable it would a bullet wasted, a hazelnut is enough to finish him off – all this commotion when Chairman Gonzalo agitated the Party slogans, they have an uncontrollable fear, and therefore they only want his isolation.

Like the Party foresaw, they wanted to aim at taking away the international support, this was seen in some of the dec-

larations from some members of the RIM, that said: "we are going to investigate...", "Chairman Gonzalo is behing the letters...", "the red banner is flying in Peru...", that is to say people's war without Chairman Gonzalo; positions that line up with the ROL, repeating the runts (video and audio) fabricated in the SIN. The Party, through the MPP, put forward in a powerful way: crush the counterrevolutionary hoax with people's war. We stress, once more, that until today there are only 2 public manifestations by Chairman Gonzalo: 1) The Speech of Chairman Gonzalo and 2) the agitation that he made in the trial that he is facing and not at any moment did he put forward "PA".

Because of Chairman Gonzalo's influence within the RIM, imperialism and revisionism were eager for the positions of the ROL to repercute in the RIM, attacking the Marxist thesis of Great Leaderships and Great Leaders of the revolution, with the so-called cult of personality, attacking the military theory, the people's war, separating it from the Support Bases, its objective to aim at the fundamental in Gonzalo thought; the power. The new power is born and developed in the midst of people's war, establishing the People's Committees, led and constructed by the Party in concentric form, thus since its birth the new power is born crushing campaigns of encirclement and annihilation; constructing the new: new power, new economy, new culture, new republic; the not understanding has led to some members supporting the thesis of "multiparty democracy", which will lead to lead astray the revolution, together with not understanding the Marxist thesis of Great Leadership, in spite of owning a great fire-power, and having the enemy ready to make concessions, and most importantly the growing support of the poor masses, they come with the "multiparty democracy". (See May 2006 document).

The question is that some members made echo of the hoaxes of the reaction and repeated them, the two line struggle, carried out badly, will lead to tangle up the RIM; today the people's war in Nepal can change course, from a democratic revolution to a bourgeois revolution. The Communist Party is for initiating and leading a people's war, not for coexisting and sharing responsibilities with the bureaucratic bourgeoisie. This destroys it, adapts it, they turn into fascist parties – it is a great responsibility of the comrades from Nepal.

And today, imperialism and revisionism, in Peru, raises a new hoax of "general amnesty", as they say:

"...it is a political solution to the problems derived from the civil war, and that the new government is in better conditions than the previous ones to solve the question because a lot of time has passed since the deeds were done..."

We see that this APRA-government is on trial for genocide (see Frontón, Cayara, Molinos, etc., they have a long list) and they never prescribe although they are not correctly denounced, they are due to be punished just like the other genocidal Fujimori, and their black and cowardly armed forces, experts in clandestine mass graves, murderers of peasants, workers and students, both collude because both governments set up counterrevolutionary apparatuses, the "Rodrigo Franco" and the "Colina group".

APRA is in panic (see the trio of murderers: Alán, Giampetri, Jiménez), they legs are shaking and they can not sleep thinking of the car bombs that we will put on them, the histrionic Benedicto Jimenez says: "the Maoists will not renounce their principles". The comprador and bureaucrat bourgeoisie are concerned and interested in their desire to rein back the people's war, they do not want their FTT to go to pieces, they want to continue taking all the natural resources of the country (gas, minerals, etc.), and say: "For a country to go on with an open wound for a long time is not convenient for the governability...", the errand boy Raúl Gonzales repeats and adds, "on what terms?"

These are the defenders of bureaucrat capitalism, of the old state and of annihilating the people's war. These are the most interested, for their "governability", and say: "we are in better conditions".

They are concerned with the punishments for genocide and the excessive exploitation of the country, therefore they want to stop the people's war using the ROL, to go on maintaining this rotten and senile reactionary state, and what does the ROL say? That Chairman Gonzalo can not put it forward publicly because so demands the conditions of the trial (the petty-fogging lawyer of the miserable Morote).

The class, the people, do not want to perish in the peace of capitulation, it knows very well that what must be done is to resist in order to survive and it is the Party that keeps the banner of the revolution high, this is our history, it is our road; from the old state the masses receive only repression, more misery, more exploitation, the so-called truth commission does not accomplish a thing, the true justice will come, not with the conquest of power, but in the very course of the people's war. The hoax is not the desire of the people, but is the counterrevolutionary policy of "low-intensity", is condemned to fail.

Our people's war today confronts new and complex situations forging a leadership with recognized ascendancy, that is building the 3 instruments of the revolution ambushed in the masses, following the principle: "the organic follows the political", that is, according to the new circumstances, this we are solving grasping gonzalo thought to solve new problems, which has let us mobilize and lead their struggles, because we start from the infinite confidence in the masses and they are ready for the revolution: they do not listen to, and will not listen to, nor defend the old state, nor the genocidal Armed Forces, because the Party, since before the initiation of the armed struggle, lives and fights with the masses, we stick to our principles: "the Party is the highest form of organization, the Army the main form of organization and the Front is the third instrument, and all these instruments are for taking the power by means of the revolutionary violence.."

Thus, we see the road of the reactionaries and the revisionists, of all committers of genocide, is the counterrevolution, the "general amnesty", the "peace accord", the repression in the prisons, the genocide; while the road of the people is the revolution, that of the democratic revolution; of resisting, of struggling with overwhelming energy, that of maintaining the course of the revolution.

Long live Chairman Gonzalo, Great Leader of the Party and the revolution!
We demand the public and direct presentation of Chairman Gonzalo!
Long live Marxism-Leninism-Maoism, Gonzalo Thought, principally Gonzalo thought!
Long live the Communist Party of Peru!
Long live the RIM!
Crush the new counterrevolutionary hoax of "general amnesty"!

August 2006 PCP-Central Committee



Document of the MPP:

Proletarians of all countries, unite!

UPHOLDING, DEFENDING AND APPLYING MARXISM-LENINISM-MAOISM IS THE DECISIVE POINT IN ORDER TO DEVELOP THE WORLD PROLETARIAN REVOLUTION, DEMOLISH IMPERIALISM AND THE INTERNATIONAL REACTION AND CRUSH REVISIONISM!

This year marks the 40th anniversary of the Great Proletarian Cultural Revolution, 1966-1976: the greatest and most profound revolution in history, continuation of the revolution under the dictatorship of the proletariat serving communism and communist society. We must celebrate this great deed, and we do it reaffirming ourselves in everything that Chairman Gonzalo and the Party has put forward on this point, in particular the document that has previously been read in this conference (on the celebration of the 25th anniversary of the GPCR).

40 years after the Great Proletarian Cultural Revolution, what is the situation? The Great Proletarian Cultural Revolution gave us Maoism: 40 years later, we are fighting for upholding, defending and applying Maoism and the Communist Party of Peru is carrying out the task, giving its contribution with people's war, and in the world a new great wave of the world proletarian revolution is developed. What is in front of us? The general counterrevolutionary offensive of imperialism, and revisionism in collusion and conflict, a converging offensive, that intends to suffocate the revolution as the main historical and political tendency today in the world, trying in vain to divert the new great wave of the world revolution that we have entered. Even more so, imperialism, mainly Yankee, as sole hegemonic superpower, that is heading this offensive, while they carry out their war of aggression against the peoples of the world, is trying in the present moment to prevent that a powerful world anti-imperialist movement is generated and that it be under the command of Maoism. A futile attempt! But this is what the new revisionism serves; this is what they are after and what we are confronting.

Thus, 40 years after the GPCR, the Communist Party of Peru, on one hand, leading the people's war, maintains: that Maoism is the most powerful weapon, it is our atom bomb, an unbeatable weapon; today we must be more conscious of the historical transcendence of Marxism, of its invincibility, that Marxism is all-powerful because it is true... It is the decisive point, on which everything depends, and from which everything is derived; if we move away from Maoism, the revolution is delayed, although they can not stop it because Maoism will impose itself again and lead the revolution. We need principally Maoism and to put it very high, higher every time; this demands defending it, not only upholding it – we uphold banners to defend them, but the principal is to apply it.

Meanwhile on the other hand, the comrades in the Revolutionary Communist Party of the United States (RCP-USA) and its Chairman, Bob Avakian, echoing the general counterrevolutionary offensive, deny the decisive character of our ideology, Marxism-Leninism-Maoism, its validity, and deny the established road of the proletarian revolution. For example, Avakian has written: "I have been bringing forward an epistemological rupture with a lot of the history of the ICM [International Communist Movement], including China and the GPCR [Great Proletarian Cultural Revolution], which had this thing arguing that there is such a thing as proletarian truth and bourgeois truth—this was in a major circular put out by the leadership of the Chinese Communist Party'. And against this correct thesis of dialectical materialism – that Chairman Mao concretized in "The class state, the class philosophy and the class science' – he continues: "...we have to go for the truth, rather than hiding things, etc. — a whole approach of interrogating our whole history...It is not that Mao never had any of this approach, but still what I have been bringing forward represents an epistemological break... There's been a clinging to this old way the communist movement has approached these questions, epitomized in class truth—this is still a real problem. ("Bob Avakian in a Discussion with Comrades on Epistemology - On Knowing and Changing the World', Revolutionary Worker #1262, December 19, 2004, posted at

rwor.org)

We have selected quotes from this "Discussion with Bob Avakian", for this occasion because they constitute a good sample of the peculiar form, style and method that the author has of dealing with the ideological and political problems that have to do with the world revolution, its history, the road, its tasks, etc. Here, he presents himself as an innovator, as a man who opens a breach; but the result is that his ideas are nothing but a mere repetition of old ideas of the bourgeoisie in the philosophical terrain, thus he is dragged behind, incapable of guiding the car of society and trying to make it go backwards or turn around and go back. Why do we say this? Because to deny the class character of the truth, is to separate the subjective from the objective; this rupture between knowledge and the social practice belongs to the epistemology or theory of knowledge of idealism and of mechanical materialism, and is therefore pre-Marxist, thus acting like the opportunists and adventurists. Even more, he accuses Marxism of "hiding things", providing material for others to repeat it and talk about "not falling in the errors of 20th century socialism" and the necessity of "21st century democracy", thus spreading the general counterrevolutionary offensive's attacks against Marxism. The Marxist-Leninist-Maoist theory of knowledge, characterized by the scientific social practice, crushes these erroneous conceptions about the problem of knowledge. We Maoists affirm the dependency of knowledge upon the social practice, i.e. the dependency of knowledge upon production and the class struggle – we are followers of what Chairman Mao put forward in his work "On Practice": "Of these other types of social practice, class struggle in particular, in all its various forms, exerts a profound influence on the development of man's knowledge. In class society everyone lives as a member of a particular class, and every kind of thinking, without exception, is stamped with the brand of a class. ... Marxists recognize that in the absolute and general process of development of the universe, the development of each particular process is relative, and that hence, in the endless flow of absolute truth, man's knowledge of a particular process at any given stage of development is only relative truth. The sum total of innumerable relative truths constitutes absolute truth. The development of an objective process is full of contradictions and struggles, and so is the development of the movement of human knowledge. All the dialectical movements of the objective world can sooner or later be reflected in human knowledge. In social practice, the process of coming into being, developing and passing away is infinite, and so is the process of coming into being, developing and passing away in human knowledge. ... The movement of change in the world of objective reality is never-ending and so is man's cognition of truth through practice. ... In the present epoch of the development of society, the responsibility of correctly knowing and changing the world has been placed by history upon the shoulders of the proletariat and its party."

In his "Discussion", Avakian continues his ideological attacks against Marxism, repeating the reactionary stories of the general offensive; that do nothing more than affirm and qualify that "Marxism is outdated", "it is no good anymore". In this way, Avakian calls for overthrowing Marxism because it is aged, saying: "But we need to go further with this. Mao's been dead for 30 years and Lenin 80—what are we doing if we don't go beyond them?" And he, Avakian, could not do otherwise, as we have seen in his so-called "epistemological break", he does not succeed in undermining even a minimum of the foundations of dialectical materialism, this "rupture" does not become anything more than a furious attack against Maoism because it can not storm its fortress. Marxism-Leninism-Maoism is the new and it is living, it continues its battles moved by the class struggle of the international proletariat and the peoples of the world, by us in the people's war led by the Communist Party of Peru. Maoism is alive and develops; it brings us to Gonzalo thought that is the universal truth specified to the concrete reality of Peruvian society and to the concrete conditions of the class struggle today. The principal of Gonzalo thought is having defined Maoism as third, new and higher stage, and it is its present application and development, and this is what he tells us to "go beyond". This explains the position that some have of investigating, because according to them, "there are strong indications that Chairman Gonzalo is behind the 'peace letters'." We refer to some within the Revolutionary Internationalist Movement, more precisely the CoRIM, that in this way have echoed the hoaxes of the Yankee CIA, of the Peruvian reaction and of the rats of the revisionist and opportunist ROL against the Great Leadership of the Party and the revolution, Chairman Gonzalo.

Avakian, continuing his "rupture" with Maoism and the GPCR, lifts up a stone that then drops on his own feet, like this: "we have to lead the masses and even struggle with these intermediate strata by putting the contradictions to them. ... You have to pose the contradictions and ask: what's your idea for how to solve this? ... It's not like Mao didn't have a lot of that, but it's a little bit different way, what I'm putting forward. You trust the masses... You couldn't

do the Paris Commune again to do the Soviet Union. Too much has gone on, even besides the propaganda of the bourgeoisie, people are not going to get inspired to do the same thing. They should recognize that in its time and place the inspiration was the main thing. The Chinese revolution was much better than what they had before and much better than what they have now in China. But it's not enough to inspire people to do that again. And they shouldn't want to. Is what I'm arguing for a bunch of idealism? Or is it the only way we can go forward? What's the truth of this?"

The Chairman of the RCP-USA, Avakian, in this previous paragraph that really will go down in history, against what he is trying to say, tangles up the philosophy in strange words, full of cobwebs to hide his own separation from the masses and to hide the historical class truth, that Chairman Mao fulfilled what Marx taught, to "bring the philosophy to the masses". Chairman Gonzalo tells us: "Since Marx we were taught this necessity, and the Great Proletarian Cultural Revolution is the most living and grand example of mass mobilization with the Marxist-Leninist-Maoist ideology to continue the construction of socialism under the dictatorship of the proletariat, to continue the revolution and not let the conquered fruits be snatched away, to defend the revolution... the philosophy, the science, are not for the scholars but for the masses."

Against the Marxist-Leninist-Maoist theory of the state and the revolution – that teaches that every revolution is a continuation and a development of the previous experiences in the fundamental question of the violent destruction of the old bureaucratic-military machinery of the state through people's war and the establishment of the state machinery of the dictatorship of the proletariat and that we have the solution for continuing the revolution in socialist society, with successive proletarians cultural revolutions - Avakian puts forward: "You can't repeat the experience [of the proletarian revolution and socialist society]', to then attack the GPCR saying that what he does this is "something that adds a whole strategic dimension and embodies but goes further than the GPCR; and if, in the name of upholding the GPCR, you resist the part that goes further—then you're opposing the whole thing." One who acts like that, who denies the two great experiences and the GPCR, does it to put forward his own ideas contrary to Marxism-Leninism-Maoism, to lay the foundations for his own road, opposed to the true revolutionary road of the world people's war, and that is summed up in "imperialist countries insurrection, backward countries people's war", like he preaches in his "Discussion': "when the time comes, when there is a revolutionary situation, our material force has to be able to meet and defeat the imperialists". But not now, as he sees imperialism as super-powerful and proposes to struggle for "replacing the Bush government before the end of its term" - pure reformism, that considers that it is a problem of the "ultra-rightists" etc, in the Bush government, denying that the Yankee state machinery is an instrument to exercise the class rule of the Yankee imperialists. Therefore, to paraphrase Lenin, it is fitting to ask oneself: what new does he contribute to this doctrine, to Marxism, this boisterous "renewer', who has made so much noise? And to paraphrase the same Lenin, one must answer Absolutely nothing, he does not propel even one step forward the science that we have inherited: he teaches the proletariat no new method of struggle; he does nothing but fall back, picking up fragments of backward theories and preaching to the proletariat the doctrine of concessions of the most fierce enemies; backward theories, that others will repeat, trying to claim their fatherhood. Now it is clearer why comrade Avakian, along with other comrades, oppose tenaciously in the RIM that Marxism-Leninism-Maoism is adopted as the universal ideology of our class. Comrade Prachanda should remember that it is because of the struggle of Chairman Gonzalo, the Party and the people's war that the RIM, in 1993, adopts Maoism.

This "Conversation about epistemology", with its pseudo-scientific and pompous expositions, ends up reducing itself to an open and cunning attack against the communist movement: "In some instances, the Bolsheviks had a kind of "Mafia" approach in some areas, especially during the civil war that followed the October 1917 Revolution. In some cases, when people would be organized by reactionaries to fight against the Bolsheviks, the Bolsheviks would retaliate broadly and without mercy. Or they would kill people not only for deserting the Red Army but even for dragging their feet in fighting the civil war. While sometimes in the midst of war, extreme measures may be necessary, overall this is not the way to deal with these contradictions. I addressed some of this in "Two Great Humps"—I read Lenin on this and thought, "this is not right." There's epistemological stuff bound up with all this as well." On another occasion, we will see more thoroughly the implications of this quote – the important thing is to see how he surreptitiously attacks our all-powerful scientific ideology, and tries to slip in the idea that all the communists are nothing but a bunch of mafiosos because they have "epistemological problems".

Comrades, whether some people like it or not, the principal tendency in the world is the revolution, and as an expression of this a new great wave of the world proletarian revolution has started to develop; there is no future for humanity without the full and complete triumph of the revolution concretized in communism; well then, the question is to develop the world revolution, and to develop it means to apply it, to make revolution – and it does not matter how many you are, but if one wants to do it or not. We have two great historical experiences, rich with lessons that are there, that live in us, in the proletariat, in the people – and we insist, that there have been two restorations does not negate what is principal, to negate it is a black dream because the world proletarian revolution advances and we are part of this advance. That the world proletarian revolution will cost blood, so it will, but what is there that does not cost blood? We would not be here without the blood spilled by so many communists and revolutionaries in the world.

Today, on the occasion of the 40th anniversary of the GPCR we reaffirm ourselves in what is established by the I Congress of the Communist Party of Peru, about "What is fundamental in Maoism? Power is fundamental in Maoism. Power for the proletariat, power for the dictatorship of the proletariat, power based on the armed force led by the Communist Party. More explicitly, this is 1) power under the leadership of the proletariat in the democratic revolution, 2) power for the dictatorship of the proletariat in the socialist and cultural revolutions, 3) power based on the armed force led by the Communist Party, conquered and defended through people's war." On the fundamental issue of Maoism a struggle is currently raised between Marxism and revisionism, i.e. between Maoism and new revisionism; this brings us to seriously weigh the development of the present situation in Nepal. In Nepal a peace accord is being concretized, within a unilateral truce of ceasefire established by the Communist Party of Nepal (Maoist); an accord that implies the deactivation of the support bases, the control of the People's Liberation Army and its arms that are to be located in an area and in deposits under the control of the UN Security Council, to then go on to a stage of transition of more or less two and a half years to demobilize; the subjection of the PLA to the UN arms control is a condition for the CPN(M) to integrate itself in the interim government of the 7 parties, under the residence of Koirala, an old head of the Congress party, that is one of the parties of the great bourgeoisie and the landlords, that since 1960 are for a constitutional multiparty monarchy, backed by India and the British imperialists and principally the Yankees; the repeated declarations of Prachanda and other CPN(M) leaders that they will submit to what the future constituent assembly, appointed by the elections of the old state, decides on monarchy or republic, keeping the king until the constitution decides. This is preparation to raze the countryside to the ground and literally demolish what has been achieved in the last ten years by the proletariat and the Nepali people. In this way they go from war to the road of elections within the old state and the hope in these and in the commitments to the native and foreign reaction.

We ask: What is a policy true to the principles, a "strategic faithfulness"? It is a policy that start from the class position of the proletariat, from its fundamental interests, from the principles of Marxism-Leninism-Maoism, that defends the principles of the people's war and the revolution. A Communist Party can not sacrifice the fundamental interests of the class to gain advantages for the moment. The Party of the proletariat must defend its independence before all the other classes and differentiate itself from all the parties of these classes, not only the enemy classes like the landlords and the great bourgeoisie, but also those of the middle bourgeoisie and the petit bourgeoisie. To submit to the dictates of what a "constituent assembly' determines and to the results of elections controlled by the native reaction and imperialism and hand over the achievements of the proletariat and the people, that have cost so much blood, is not in keeping with the elasticity of a policy that is true to the principles, but means to fall in the errors of opportunism.

Comrade Prachanda warns us in one of his last interviews (made on the occasion of the tenth anniversary of the people's war in Nepal for the Worker, number 10), that the people's war in Nepal in its preparation, initiation and development "is different from many of the prevalent and conventional norms of the past communist movements". And then he presents his singularity thus: "We have prepared for People's War using even the parliament, given emphasis on striking a balance and coordination between political and military interventions, and we have used peace talks and ceasefire against the enemy in a new way. But in this context, one thing is continuous, which is, placing revolutionary political line at the centre, making concrete analysis of concrete condition and adopting mass line. In the context of preparation, initiation and development of People's War, it is being developed as a right coordination between political and military lines." As part of this balance he says that before the initiation they presented "the basic problems of the country and the people in the form of 40-point demands from an open front. The first and the second peace talks can be

considered as a new development of that coordination. The Party has already analyzed that the two talks have played an important role in establishing the Party's political line among the people in a more extensive way and in clarifying the Party's commitment to establishing peace with a forward-looking political solution reflecting people's need and aspiration as well as justifying the development and significance of the military line."

This quote is a key to understanding the thinking of Comrade Prachanda and the events in Nepal – for him it is not right to rebel – the truth that resumes all the truths of Marxism. What he puts forward is a "submissive uprising', that is justified only if it is done to arrive at a commitment to establish peace (see our underlining in the final part of the quote). In the quote, like in the whole interview he talks about everything but not about the central task of every revolution, the conquest of power through people's war; the fact is that this "balance and coordination between the political and the military lines" does not have as its strategic objective the conquest of power in the whole country in order to culminate the new democratic revolution; on the contrary, from his explanations on the "use of parliament" for the initiation, from the "two peace talks', it leaks out that he sees the people's war as reduced to a guerrilla war; he does not understand the strategic character of the guerrilla war within the people's war; his war does not have the Support Bases and the new power as its marrow, and even more, he has never understood the new power from our Marxist-Leninist-Maoist, Gonzalo thought outlook; his military line is oriented towards the political solution by means of talks; the development of the war does not go after the victory of the revolution by means of the conquest of power in the whole country and the establishment of the People's Republic of Nepal, but the strategic ends and objectives of the war is to obtain better conditions for negotiation. It is the means to put pressure in negotiations that will allow gaining political space within the system for a change, like going from absolute monarchy to the monarchy or republic of a parliamentary multiparty regime within the old Nepali state, landlord-bureaucratic, submitted to imperialism and to the tutelage of the "giant' Indian state. In order to from there, combining the parliamentary and extraparliamentary methods, go gradually to the new democracy and to socialism, with a dictatorship of the proletariat that shall not be a dictatorship, that permits the formation of political parties of the other classes, including the bourgeoisie (and this is not signed by Comrade Avakian, but it is signed by Comrade Prachanda). After his so-called "balance' comes the subordination of its military line, of the "people's war', to the political objectives of his political line, of the political solution, of commitments to the enemies of the proletariat and the people. Political objectives that are there since the context of initiation, and therefore there is no concentric construction of the three instruments of the revolution - what is this Open Front? Frontism for all purposes, not being built around the gun but around the elections, not for the program of the new democratic revolution but for perfecting the ruling system of the great bourgeoisie and the landlords in service of imperialism and Indian expansionism, to arrive to what? To a "system of parliamentary multiparty democracy' under the tutelage of what they call the monopolist state capitalism of India, and therefore submitted to imperialism, principally Yankee, to which they are calling through the UN, that is the Security Council (the two superpowers and the three powers with veto rights within it). So, what is the aim of his "strategic firmness and tactical flexibility? The aim is a supposed mix of the two roads, the democratic road, that of the "people's war', with the bureaucratic road, the dead end road of the elections, of the parliamentary seats – that is where his whole long speech about "strategic firmness and tactical flexibility" and his "concrete application to the concrete reality" leads, and therefore, his "mass line'. His military line is not in keeping with the proletarian military line. In his interview he once more negates the proletarian military line and says that one must "combine the people's war with the armed struggle'. Within this context are the conversations of Comrade Prachanda with representatives of the reactionary state of India, imperialism's foreman in South Asia, that acts as the guardian of the "changes' in Nepal. To incorporate themselves into the government of the 7 parties they are negotiating with India "based on mutual benefit' – what benefit? This is denounced by the comrades in India in an interview in June.

Therefore he shows his disagreement with us, because we are not the revisionist and capitulationist ROL. He, repeating what Comrade Bob Avakian and his other followers say, accuses us of being dogmato-sectarians, saying that we idealize Chairman Gonzalo like a supernatural being, to end up predicting our death and with him, Prachanda, as the one to count the dead: "the Party has reached a stage of crisis of existence in such a short time despite the sacrifice of more than 60 thousand people". These are the same accusations that the reaction are making against Chairman Gonzalo and the people's war. The same reactionary propaganda that there are only remainders of sendero. All these attributions seem to be copied from the Final Report of the Truth and Reconciliation Commission (CVR), an organization created by the Yankee CIA to try to legitimize the cowardly and barbaric genocide committed against the people during these

more than 26 years of people's war, and wash the hands of the old Peruvian state and imperialism.

Concerning his accusation of sectarianism it does not correspond to reality. The Party certainly sees the importance of the united front, which has a constant trunk in the revolution: workers, peasants, petit bourgeoisie, but the national or middle bourgeoisie has to start supporting the revolution expressing its class condition and with that develop unity and struggle, this is not closed doors, this is not sectarianism. In this way we always maintain hegemony with the worker-peasant alliance and leadership of the Party, in this way the broad masses of the people in the united front will serve to demolish the old state. Keep in mind that the front for us is not the type of front that is formed in the case of a foreign invasion of the country – for us the question is to march towards the conquest of power. And the people's war marches splendidly because it counts on the Great Leadership of Chairman Gonzalo and his all-powerful thought, because based on this, we count on a leadership that is proven and recognized and applies firmness in the principles and flexibility in their application.

In Peru, how are we applying the fundamental in Maoism? The Communist Party of Peru, representing the proletariat, applying the concentric construction of the three instruments, is leading the front – new state, the new democracy as a joint dictatorship today and tomorrow the dictatorship of the proletariat. This position differentiates us from the revisionist and bourgeois positions in Peru and on the international level; we are against the general counterrevolutionary offensive and all those that preach the failure of Marxism, against the Party, the revolutionary violence, all that is people's war, that is joint dictatorship, that is the dictatorship of the proletariat. We are against the new revisionism that wants a Maoism only by name, without people's war, that talks of people's war without new power, that preaches the impossibility of the triumph of the people's war, presenting imperialism and counterrevolution as all-powerful, colossal, etc. The fundamental in Maoism goes against the revisionist and capitulationist ROL and against and against all those whose interests go in that direction, i.e. to the peace accords. The CoRIM carries out an erroneous handling of the two line struggle because they do not understand the fundamental in Maoism, that is they distort Maoism. On the new power they are completely mute. Then, through the magazine "A World to Win' they spread cunning attacks and slander against Chairman Gonzalo, repeating all the blackest hoaxes of the reaction against him, presenting him as the author of the "peace letters'.

We demand the public and direct presentation of Chairman Gonzalo before the national and international press and television and that he makes a pronouncement!

Long live Chairman Gonzalo and his all-powerful thought!

Long live the glorious Communist Party of Peru!

Down with the new sinister farce of the petition for amnesty!

Honor and glory to Marxism-Leninism-Maoism, principally Maoism!

Long live the 40th anniversary of the Great Proletarian Cultural Revolution!

Unite under Maoism!

People's war until Communism!

Implacably and inseparably imperialism, world reaction and revisionism! Down with the new revisionism!

Peru People's Movement, September 2006

Document of the MPP:

Proletarians of All Countries, Unite!

LET'S CELEBRATE THE 40TH ANNIVERSARY OF THE GREAT PROLETARIAN CULTURAL REVOLUTION!

"What is fundamental in Maoism? <u>Power is fundamental in Maoism</u>. Power for the proletariat, power for the dictatorship of the proletariat, power based on the armed force led by the Communist Party. More explicitly, this is 1) power under the leadership of the proletariat in the democratic revolution, 2) power for the dictatorship of the proletariat in the socialist and cultural revolutions, 3) power based on the armed force led by the Communist Party, conquered and defended through people's war.'

"On Marxism-Leninism-Maoism', First Congress of the Communist Party of Peru

With a resolute will and the highest revolutionary optimism, the Peru People's Movement, generated organization of the Communist Party of Peru (PCP) for the Party work abroad, call on all the Communist Parties and revolutionary organizations inside and outside the Revolutionary Internationalist Movement (RIM) to celebrate the 40th Anniversary of the initiation of the Great Proletarian Cultural Revolution (GPCR) in China (1966-1976), the most earth-shaking political process and the greatest mass mobilization ever seen on Earth, a great historical milestone in the development of the dictatorship of the proletariat towards the final securing of the power of the proletariat, and therefore of transcendental historical importance in humanity's inexorable march to communism. The GPCR is, in historical perspective, the most transcendental of the development of Marxism-Leninism by Chairman Mao, and represented Marxism's leap to a third, new and superior stage: Marxism-Leninism-Maoism, mainly Maoism.

The celebration of the anniversary of the GPCR must serve as a powerful reaffirmation of our solemn promise to fight tenaciously and implacably for the proletarian leadership of the democratic revolution, the development of the construction of socialism and the continuation of the revolution under the dictatorship of the proletariat, as proletarian cultural revolution; when imperialism deepens its decomposition and the revolution has become the principal tendency of history, amidst the most complex and largest wars seen to date and the implacable struggle against modern revisionism, and even more against the new revisionism.

The celebration of the anniversary of the GPCR is part of a protracted campaign to impose, with people's war, Maoism as the only command and guide of the world proletarian revolution; serving its embodiment in the peoples of the world and to crush the general counterrevolutionary offensive that is headed by Yankee imperialism as the only hegemonic superpower. It is the celebration of our unbreakable faith and absolute conviction of the triumph of communism; in times of great disorder under the sky; it is to celebrate the rising Red Sun; thus, it is the oath before the unfading red banner with the golden hammer and sickle of the iron legions of the international proletariat, that, challenging death, are launched in the new great wave of the world proletarian revolution under the battle cry: People's War Until Communism!

Thus, the celebration of this anniversary of the GPCR is a renewal of our promise to never lay down our arms until communism, a promise that falls upon all the communists of the world; and therefore, the celebration also serves the reconstitution of the Communist Parties as militarized Marxist-Leninist-Maoist communist parties, that initiate and develop people's war in all the corners of the world, as soon as possible; in this way it also serves to support the communists in Nepal, see the complex situation that the Communist Party of Nepal (Maoist) faces and reaffirm that for the international proletariat and the oppressed peoples of the world, for all the communists, revolutionaries and progressives of the world, there is no other option than to culminate the democratic revolution through the conquest of power in the whole country, by way of the guns of the revolutionary army. We Maoists are supporters of the omnipotence of

the revolutionary war and among us no one, whoever it may be, can let themselves move even an inch from the course that is guaranteed by two principles: "All power grows out of the barrel of a gun' and "It is right to rebel!', the only proletarian, people's and democratic road, the road of the people's war.

Therefore we are for carrying out the celebration of the 40th anniversary of the GPCR within the campaign for Maoism inseparably united with the campaign to defend the life of Chairman Gonzalo, and giving it a great impulse through this celebration, generating a debate sustained by historical facts, seeing the advance of the world revolution through laws that are inevitably fulfilled, see where to go and what we must do. We are for imposing the light of Marxism-Leninism-Maoism amidst a great struggle of ideas. Therefore we call upon all the Parties and organizations inside and outside the RIM to propel and participate jointly in this great celebration through the rest of 2006 and until May 2007, through all kinds of events, activities and actions, extensively mobilizing to achieve a great active participation of the masses. As part of this we invite the CoRIM, all the Parties and organizations inside and outside the RIM and the revolutionaries of the world to participate in the activities that we carry out within this great celebration, which has an objective of such high importance.

We will hold the First International Conference to Celebrate the 40th Anniversary of the Great Proletarian Cultural Revolution on September 9, 2006, in Germany. We call on everyone to participate in this to make a great opening to the triumphant series of events and conferences that will mark the firm step to the rhythm of the people's war and the march of the new great wave of the world proletarian revolution within which this campaign unfolds.

Long Live the 40th Anniversary of the GPCR! Unite Under Maoism! People's War Until Communism!

> Peru People's Movement, August 2006



Document of the MPP:

Proletarians of All Countries, Unite!

GONZALO THOUGHT IS THE THEORETICAL FOUNDATION FOR THE COMMUNISTS OF TODAY

Marxism-Leninism-Maoism is the only, undefeated and unfading ideology of the proletariat and the most advanced and last class ideology in history. Here the key question is how Chairman Gonzalo defines Maoism, as third, new and higher stage; a problem of great importance because therein is the way our Party understands Maoism, implying that Marxism has three stages: Leninism that bases itself on Marxism and Maoism that bases itself on the two previous ones, but developing them. Therefore it is new and third, and, as it develops Marxism to a higher level, it is superior.

Starting from this key question, established in the I Congress of the Party, Gonzalo Thought is the application of the universal truth, of Marxism-Leninism-Maoism, principally Maoism, to the concrete conditions of Peruvian society and the world today. Therefore we say that the most substantive and most developed of Gonzalo Thought is found in the general political line of the Party and there the developments and contributions of Gonzalo Thought to Marxism are specified. Even more so, Gonzalo Thought solves new problems of the people's war and develops bases of strategy and tactics for the world revolution; it establishes its three stages or moments, determining that around 1980 we entered its third moment; in his masterful Speech of the 24th of September 1992 he pointed out that we were entering a new great wave of the world proletarian revolution. Confronting and crushing the contrary, rightist, positions and lines in the Party (and later, with the powerful advance of the people's war, in the heart of the RIM), Chairman Gonzalo established the urgent necessity, opportunity and possibility of initiating and developing the people's war in Peru and in the world to confront the war, the aggression, of imperialism and make revolution – starting from the fact that the revolution becomes the principal historical and political tendency in the world and from the existence of a revolutionary situation in uneven development in Peru as well as in the whole world, with the oppressed countries being the base of the world revolution because there the largest part of the world population is concentrated, and because there the revolution boils with more force – and crushed the trick of revisionism, that in order to deny the existence of the revolutionary situation in the world, try to confuse revolutionary situation with revolutionary crisis. Chairman Gonzalo has established the need for the reconstitution of the Communist Parties, their militarization and concentric construction, and has developed the Marxist political economy concerning the decisive problem for the democratic revolution, that of bureaucrat capitalism, generalizing it and establishing the laws and stages of its development, concluding that it matures the conditions for the revolution. These few examples show how Chairman Gonzalo has contributed to the world revolution and thus is developing Marxism. And the Parties and organisations that make up the RIM, including the RCP and therefore its Chairman comrade Avakian, recognized it in their Declaration of 1993: Long Live Marxism-Leninism-Maoism!, that in its introduction refers to the role fulfilled by the Communist Party of Peru and the people's war it leads, which served for the RIM to take the important step of recognizing Maoism, which was denied in its 1984 Declaration. There it is, in block letters: "These advances [of the people's war led by the Communist party of Peru -our note], in theory and practice, have enabled us to further deepen our grasp of the proletarian ideology and on that basis take a far-reaching step, the recognition of Marxism-Leninism-Maoism as the new, third and higher stage of Marxism."

Chairman Gonzalo has generated Gonzalo Thought, theoretical foundation for the practice of the communists of today, in Peru and the World, for the people's war, when we have entered the development of a new great wave of the world proletarian revolution, it is the theoretical foundation of the world revolution today. In this way, Gonzalo Thought contributes to the development of Marxism, and neither imperialism nor the reaction wants this – revisionism even less so. They do not want a theoretician or "leader' like Chairman Gonzalo, that meets the demands put forward by Chairman Mao: theoretical solidity, understanding of history and good practical handling of politics, therefore they want him to die without the condition of developer of Marxism-Leninism-Maoism, principally Maoism. Neither do Comrade Avakian and others, fully converging with the reaction, want that this condition of Chairman Gonzalo, that pertains to him, is recognized, and they attack him, insult him, accusing him of being a dogmato-sectarian revisionist; forgetting that, written and signed by them, the recognition of Chairman Gonzalo's transcendent contribution to Marxism is in the RIM Declaration of 1993.

Seen in this way, the ideological struggle gathers more strength, and therefore it hurts for some comrades from some Parties and organisations that belong to the RIM when we say the truths, and say things clearly. Comrade Avakian, particularly, can not forgive Chairman Gonzalo for being the one that defined Maoism. Since the birth of the RIM, Chairman Gonzalo has marked with fire Avakian's positions, opposed to Maoism and people's war, and pointed out his hegemonist strivings within

the RIM. This is why the Chairman of the RCP always tries to present his positions through middle hands and does not appear in order to carry out the two-line struggle face to face.

We know that it is necessary to crush the right and its head, and later to crush whoever takes up the rightist positions afterwards; there will always be struggle of opposites, because of the dialectical dynamics. Chairman Gonzalo has always taught us this, this is our experience on the international level. In Peru, too, it was like this, and it was done against the one that upheld it, not against the one that opened his mouth. Others, because of their striving for posts, talk too much; they are looking for a "leader" in the RIM. Never forget how the miserable Teng acted, he too used others, in order to afterwards present himself as the originator behind the curtains, for this he sold his soul to Yankee imperialism. Today more than ever, it has enormous importance what Chairman Gonzalo said: struggle to the death against revisionism. The Party experience allows us to understand all this in order to dismantle it.

Some try to put one people's war against another people's war, i.e. the people's war in Peru against the people's war in Nepal, and say that if the people's war in Nepal has "advanced more' than that in Peru, and the latter is going through complex and difficult situations, it is because the "path" of one is superior to the thought of the other, thus trafficking with the explosive advance of the masses in the war, instead of making democratic revolution, installing joint dictatorship; thus they try to avoid the debate and simply say: we have much force, we have many resources.

We assume our great responsibility in this ideological struggle; we are clear on what we want, because we assume it by free determination with conviction. We must always look far ahead; we assume it firmly. As our Party warned us in November 2004, there will be a more refined ideological struggle, and we must defend Gonzalo thought. Therefore we must blow up all the hoaxes of the reaction, like the new reactionary hoax of the "general amnesty", inseparable from the hoax of the "trial" against Chairman Gonzalo, so the revisionists in the world, new ones and old ones, will have no more argument but that provided by the old state, the reaction, the CIA with the help of their lackeys of the revisionist and capitulationist ROL.

We, the Peru People's Movement (MPP), as the Central Committee of the Communist Party of Peru has declared publicly, are assuming our promise to defend Chairman Gonzalo and his all-powerful thought, serving the people's war and the world revolution, and we continue to do so, always guaranteeing that the MPP fulfils such a high role, even at the cost of our lives. On the other hand, where did those people end up, those of the CSRP in Europe and the U.S., or that trashy journalist? First they said, when "the letters' appeared: is he, or not? Probably yes, or probably no; to afterwards end up aligned in one way or another with the revisionist positions expressed on the level of the CoRIM, the positions they said they combated; therefore it hurts them, the representatives of these positions, that we tell them the things that are crystal clear. We are the only ones that remind them, that since the earliest moments of the RIM, Chairman Gonzalo marked with fire the positions of comrade Avakian.

Concerning the development of the two-line struggle, we are for continuing to establish our position about how we understand the new republic, the Support Bases, the new power and why, applying Marxism-Leninism-Maoism, Gonzalo thought, it allows us to create and destroy, concentrically building the three instruments of the revolution, to build a new economy, a new culture, etc, and demolish the old state, its petty parties, the church, its "help', its NGOs, in joint dictatorship as an expression of the dictatorship of the proletariat. And all these new things, the new power, is upheld, defended and developed with the army: the militia, the local force and the principal force; developing a highly mobile people's war. We are for explaining to the Parties and organizations our experience in the application of Marxism-Leninism-Maoism and that distancing oneself from its principles, like with this "multiparty democracy', leads to liquidating the Party, the new power, the conquered achievements, etc. Two perspectives, one brilliant, persisting in the people's war, like we are doing, and another, black, that of capitulation, if one does not persist in the people's war, if one distances oneself from it. The Communist Party of Peru, through its apparatus for the Party work abroad, the MPP, is for carrying out this struggle together with all the Maoist and revolutionary Parties and organizations. Because we need Maoism to be embodied, and it is, and that it goes on to generate Communist Parties to manage, to lead the new great wave of the world proletarian revolution, crushing the general counterrevolutionary offensive of imperialism, reaction and revisionism, that Yankee imperialism leads in collusion and conflict, in its condition as sole hegemonic superpower.

LONG LIVE MAOISM!

LONG LIVE CHAIRMAN MAO TSETUNG, LONG LIVE CHAIRMAN GONZALO, THE GREATEST MARX-IST-LENINIST-MAOIST LIVING ON THE FACE OF THE EARTH!

Peru People's Movement November 2006

National situation:

THE PARTY VICTORIOUSLY CONFRONTS THE NEW COUNTERREVOLUTIONARY WAR PLANS OF THE NEW GOVERNMENT OF THE FASCIST, GENOCIDAL AND COUNTRY-SELLING ALAN GARCIA

THE START OF THE APRISTA GOVERNMENT

After the election of the new government of the old landlord-bureaucratic State at the service of imperialism (May 2006), the Communist Party of Peru pointed out that the reaction had "new horses" and that the particularity of the new government of the genocidal Alan García had arisen by the presence of the Navy through the genocidal Giampietri and the CIA-agent Benedicto Jiménez. And the Party called for being alert to the carrying on of new plans by the reaction headed by these mass-murderers against Chairman Gonzalo and how they were going to use the miserable rats of the revisionist and capitulationist ROL. And the new government, therefore, is to carry out the three reactionary tasks and would therefore be even more starvation-causing, genocidal and country-selling than the prior regime.

APRA'S PLANS

In his program and investiture speech before the Parliament (July 28, 2006) the genocidal fascist Alan Garcia established the following objectives of his government for the next five years: 1) Restructure of the State and political system; 2) Creation of jobs through the increase of private investments and an "investment shock" of the State as the driving force; 3) Protection of the rights of workers, in the social aspect as well; 4) Promotion of special policies for women, youth and children; 5) Security for the citizens and the country in Peru and abroad. Envisaging the management plan for the first 100 days, as principal primary objective for the measures taken by the state-sector, for example: drastic saving (up to 50% in wage cuts for government employees and 10% savings in all state expenditures, eliminating posts in the state hierarchy, among other things), decentralization, simplification of the process while improving the morale and ethics of work in the administration. The voluntary contributions of the big mining companies should go to a fund for the fight against poverty. It should begin inside the country with the preparation of the "Highland Exporter" plan

(plan for the export of agricultural products) and for support of the peasants through the Agrarian Bank as well as plans for communication between the Highlands and the Coastline. And he expected the US government to ratify the FTA by november last year. Apra's plan for "the first 100 days", also designed for winning the municipal and regional elections, is important for concentrating power in Garcia's hands, also in view of the fact that he does not have his own majority in Parliament.

The new government of the old landlord-bureaucratic State is inaugurated with this government plan, and the second government of Alan García Pérez, of APRA. A government program which, as expected, is framed within the three reactionary tasks that present themselves as a necessity for imperialism and for the native exploiting classes, which are: 1) Re-boosting bureaucrat capitalism; 2) Restructure the State and; 3) Annihilate the People's War.

This is how APRA's plan is expressed, that envisages a Plan from the start of the government that should last to the end of this year, when they plan to lay foundations, with a "management plan for the first 100 days" which, when completed, they said the period of 150 days, that is to say they corrected themselves; later, a "boost" plan and; finally, in the last year and a half, the culmination plan of their administration, a warm-up for the elections.

PLAN FOR THE FIRST 100 DAYS

200 days from the start of the Aprista government and what are the results of the plan for the first 100 days? With its famous "investment shock" it put forward an investment of 2 billion New Soles, of which 1.937 billion New Soles were authorized, of which exactly 1,364,618,553 of this would go to actual investment, this is 70.4% of the amount budgeted to be implemented until December 31, 2006, according to García's offer in the first 100 days, the rest corresponds to current expenses, debt payments, etc.; of which only 974,009,776 (50.3%) of the total bud-

get has been accrued (promised) for the famous "investment shock", of which in reality only 493,331,724 New Soles (25% of the amount budgeted) has been spent up to December 31, 2006. But, of this, 160.3 million New Soles, which means 8.3% of the budget goal, has been transferred to investments, causing it to be incorporated into the new budget which not spent it to take place until March 2007, all in spite of the fact that the "shock" envisages an expedited process for the acquisitions. As Chairman Gonzalo tells us, the problem they have is that the reality constantly changes and APRA goes on re-drawing its plans. This "shock" has come to benefit the big bourgeoisie, a little bit of it reaching the national bourgeoisie, of which the contracts signed with the big businesses of the big comprador bourgeoisie can be subtracted. What García wants to do with this is to lay foundations by giving a boost to private investment using state investment as a lever, attempting the productive lift-off, so the production is at a standstill. The rise in exports during these years, especially the one that just ended, was caused by the extraordinarily high prices of metals on the world market, because the volume of production is maintained

at almost the same level as the year before, which means these businessmen do not want to invest either, so there are not conditions for making profit, the dollar remains low, for which reason one can not compete on the domestic market, for which reason the imports have increased, and less will be made on the international market, the wages of the masses are day after day even more miserable. See that "the real per capita GDP (based on 1994) is practically the

same as that of 1974 (S/.5,455 in 1974 and S/.5,424 in 2005), the economy's competitiveness and efficiency have fallen and it has turned into one of the blackest economies in the world (60% informality in the economy); furthermore, they have limited access to public services for millions of Peruvians, keeping 50% of the population in conditions of poverty" (Source: DEFICIT AND OVER-SPENDING IN THE PERUVIAN ECONOMY, Fritz Du Bois, Javier Torres, IPE: Peruvian Institute of Economy, which represents positions of the comprador faction).

In Peru, as Chairman Gonzalo teaches us, it is the production process itself that has caused them to not invest. What the capitalists do is secure their capital in a strong currency like Euros, Yens or Dollars, or they have to invest outside of Peru. To avoid a strong inflation, they stipulate that the banks guard a lot of money in the safes and

maintain very high reserves in the Central Reserve Bank of Peru in order to guarantee payment on the foreign debt and the utility payments of imperialist capital because of which capital and financial accounts is -749, negative, that is, for the year before last according to what the CEPAL reveals. Then the amount spent on the famous "shock investment" is like a drop of ink in the ocean. Even their projections, the continous rise of the capital expenditures by the central government with a goal of 4.2% of GDP in 2009, turn out more than insufficient for re-boosting bureaucrat capitalism, moreso if you take into account that there is a gap in public investment of over 38.7% of GDP, which is \$30.365 billion in absolute figures, on transport, sanitation, energy, telecommunications, irrigation, education, and health (source: IPE).

As far as the famous economic improvement, so highly acclaimed by all the reactionaries, it's enough for now to quote the CEPAL itself, an instrument of Yankee imperialism for pushing forward their plans in the region: "In any case, the volume of exports that would have led the economic recovery from the past few years registered

a slight rise, because of little dynamism in the production of some minerals (copper, tin, zinc, molybdenum) and fishmeal. This shows, with respect to supply, the weak increase in the sectors of economic activity linked to mining and hydrocarbons, the fishing and the manufacture of processed primary resources" (Preliminary Balance of the Latin American and Carribean Economies, 2006, of the CEPAL).

Yankee imperialism, through the World Bank, the International Monetary Fund, the Inter-American Development Bank and the CEPAL, promotes their plans of so-called "development with equity" in order to combat the revolution, aiming to annihilate people's war

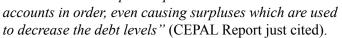
The putting into motion of the <u>"Exporting Highlands" and Agrarian Bank plan</u> is inside the "shock" plan in the financial aspect and centering its development not on the consumption and development of the country but on the exports, therefore its initial steps are rickety and condemned to failure; while it is directly linked to their third task which is to "annihilate the People's War". For that reason, all these plans are aimed at empowering the actions of the state, and therefore the bureaucratic bourgeoisie, to strengthen the state in order to give it better conditions for the fight against the revolution.

WHAT DOES THE CHANGE IN GOVERNMENT MEAN FOR IMPERIALISM?

In synthesis, a government favorable to their plans, as they say like this: "In July a new administration took

over after disputed elections, but the change in government didn't have an affect on the fundamental modifications of the macroeconomic policies, although the new authorities announced an increase in public investment and a better fight against poverty" (CEPAL Report just cited).

The economic criteria that imperialism follows in its plans is "to assure the sustainability of growth...to lower the levels of debt", it is an adjustment of the "Washington Consensus": "On the other hand, the rise in public investment, in many cases taking advantage of the better prices of export products, and being more careful with the component parts of fiscal expenditure, they allow the countries to keep their public



And all the governments of our countries fulfill in a disciplined way the debt payment and the transfer of resources to foreign countries benefitting imperialist capital, imperialist parasitism. You can see that with the government of "the anti-imperialist" Chavez in Venezuela, this net transfer shoots up to reach the net sum of 30.893 billion dollars breaking the record for selling-out, a miserable country-seller. Whoever would like to verify it can look at Section A-12 of the cited Report. In Peru the net transfer to foreign countries has this year been 883 million dollars.

And, as we denounce in our previous issue, Yankee imperialism, through the World Bank, the International Monetary Fund, the Inter-American Development Bank and the CEPAL, promotes their plans of so-called "development with equity" in order to combat the revolution, aiming to annihilate people's war wherever it has been initiated and developed like in Peru, and trying to ward it off where it has not yet been initiated. "Historically when the State takes on an economic function it is a symptom of the revolution being near" (Chairman Gonzalo). This is the objective, it is not a mere "rediscovery" of Keynesianism. That is the main political conclusion.

That is the sense of the public recognition of the genocide, Bush, who as "good master" has said of the apprentice of guadameco, of the genocidal García, the following: "And we talked (with García, our note) about the need to

South America to promote good education and good medical attention and good opportunities" (Office of the White House Press Secretary, October 10, 2006") (Declarations of President Bush and Peruvian President Alan García in the Oval Office).

Well then, it is the plan that Yankee imperialism, mainly, seeks but can not present directly, but rather present it as a demand of our countries, and that

is what the new President of Ecuador wanted to say between the lines, when interpreting well this feeling, when he said: "We don't live in an epoch of changes--he said when taking his post--but a change of epoch".

And the so-called "nationalists" (those of the genocidal Humala: "Captain Carlos") in the Peruvian Parliament cry and say that "the right has turned nationalist" and taking away their programme, see the acts of the Parliament session about the disaffiliation to the AFP and social security.

fers, is that the US Congress has not ratified the FTA, which forms part of the Yankee hegemonic strategy of the Free Trade Area of the Americas (FTAA). The Peruvian government like all the other Latin American governments, has not made any fundamental objection. The main problems have been on the Yankee side, as some commentators pointed out, in particular by an opposition of Congress to renew the "Authority of Commercial Promotion" to the Executive--known as "fast track"-which permits that Congress can approve or reject, but not amend, the commercial agreements negotiated by the President. This requirement has repeatedly been considered indispensable in speeding up the shaping of the hemispheric area of free trade. But the APRA government is for accepting all the objections that the Yankee Congress may make for ratifying the FTA. Hence the Party points out: "The comprador and bureaucrat bourgeoisie are concerned and interested in their desire to rein back the people's war, they do not want their FTA to

work together to help promote social justice. The President (referring to García, our note) has a big heart. He cares so much about those who suffer. And the President was assured that it serves the interests of our country that we can work with our friends in

Another blunder suffered by García, despite Bush's of-

RED SUN 21

PCP banner in

Tingo María, 2006

go to pieces, they want to continue taking all the natural resources of the country (gas, minerals, etc.)" (CC of the PCP, August 2006).

YANKEE IMPERIALISM BOOSTS FASCISM IN OUR COUNTRIES

Part of these plans of Yankee imperialism is to foment fascism in our countries, strengthening the State in general, this change of discourse of "more market" toward that of "more State", in our country we have to unmask what the APRA government is aiming for with all this and to denounce opportunism which tries to promote this fascism in order to hold back the revolution. That is why the Communist Party of Peru, applying what Chairman Gonzalo pointed out, fulfils its duty of developing more

people's war, looking to make it more rooted in the masses, because the work with the masses is more urgent and it is in the cities where this problem has broad repercussions. It is the mass work within, and for, the people's war, that drives their most deeply felt demands and that only the revolution solves the problem.

Serious problems present themselves to the fascist, genocidal and country selling García



After an ambush by the PCP, December 20, 2006

government in applying their plans as far as the task of state restructuring; to begin with it does not have its own parliamentary majority, it has only 36 Aprista deputies, some of which run away, in addition to the Fujimorista deputies, partners in the genocide against the people, and those of the UPP and the "Nationalists", etc., who go whichever way the wind blows, they vote with whatever is put before them in the sessions, and with the NU, they are not expected to make any "fundamental" opposition until well into the second half of García's presidential term. With everything they have had to "reach a consensus" to approve the measures that García has submitted to Parliament, on other measures they have clashed, like in the case of the "death penalty" or in his seeking the support of Parliament to take on the ICHR. Here, they will act in collusion and contention for that reason, until

García decides to flip over the chessboard, dissolving the Parliament and calling new elections. That is why the socalled "constitutional reform of the 1993 Constitution" or the "return to the 1979 Constitution reformed in its economic chapter" or a totally "new" one cannot be dealt with immediately nor by the apprentice of Guadameco, and even less so by the other petty parties. The failure of the APRA in the regional and municipal elections has brought not only steps backward in his "shock" plan but also in his plan of concentrating power in his hands and delays his plans for solving the question of having their "own majority in Parliament". That is why he is forced to find another way out. Even more, when García has a quiet scramble with his Aprista partners of the so-called Judicial Power for control over it, that they are from his own party is not enough, he wants this to submit directly to his orders; he needs that, more with the pending problems

that he has, his Vice-President Gampietri and Mantilla (not to forget him, he stinks horribly but they owe each other "loyalty") for the genocides in the STC's (Frontón, Lurigancho and Santa Bárbara) and that is a matter of collusion amongst them, he shivers before the mere idea that the deal will end up being a little costly. And they have to give amnesty to the mass-murderers of the genocidal Armed and Police Forces, which

presents itself to him as an impossibility inside his own reactionary legal order. And he has also stumbled in this scramble, to his "operator" in the Judicial Power from his first government, the Superior Member Vega, who had been the Provisional Member of the Supreme Court, who they brought down January 3, 2007. Part of this collusion and contention has unfolded first in relation to the salary cut of the magistrates of the so-called Judicial Power and Public Ministry, later threatened with bringing up the secret of their bank accounts to the Members of the Supreme Court, which is a delicate issue for them, since there is a big difference between what they earn as magistrates and the "deposits" that they got for the auctioning off of "justice", hence, they have third-party bank accounts in Peru (relatives and other frontmen) and secret encoded accounts abroad, and that is the booty that is also in play,

just recall how Montesino managed that. In the end, the Chairman of the Supreme Court has come out to declare himself against García's proposal on the "death penalty", with what the Guadamecan wants to get out of the so-called "San José Agreement" because he fears a contrary sentence in his case. What is playing out for García is not a small thing, he wants to concentrate all this power

in his hands. As was established by Chairman Gonzalo: "García easily becomes exasperated, he is obsessed with fame, up to an oligophrenic situation, he has been told that his eagerness to play the protagonist is too much and that a president can not be like that". And if he has difficulties in his own party it is worse yet, as was acknowledged by one of his parliamentarians and top leaders

of APRA: "In the way of self-criticism as general secretary of APRA, Mulder regretted not having continued to strengthen the unity and cohesion of the party in various districts and provinces, like having not succeeded in imposing discipline, which is what affected the voting in the recent regional and municipal elections" (Expreso, December 10, 2006).

And to corroborate what was said by Chairman Gonzalo; in the daily La República, December 25, 2006, we read the following commentary by an analyst, Carlos Reyna, who expressed: "Through a manipulation of the figures, [García] made his announcements seem like great conquests of the citizenry, when really he is not fulfilling his electoral promises...On the topic of his telephone charges, he has presented a solution that in reality favors the company. The small miner contribution also favors the interests of the mining companies, since he said that he would renegotiate the contracts". Reyna added that, nevertheless the manipulation, the presidential announcements won't have a favorable reaction on the level of the Chief of State. "The citizenry is already aware of the propaganda machine in the governing style of Alan García, this is clear", he pointed out.

The Aprista government acts in collusion with the Fujimori representatives. García, Gampietri and Donaire (Army Commander) have jumped to the sky before the ICHR sentence of the Peruvian State for being responsible for the Canto Grande genocide of May, 1992, pointing out that it had been planned and that the relatives should be compensated, etc., among other things. In the document cited, the Party pointed out with great precision: "We see that this APRA-government is on trial for genocide

(see Frontón, Cayara, Molinos, etc., they have a long list) and they never prescribe although they are not correctly denounced, they are due to be punished just like the other genocidal Fujimori, and their black and cowardly armed forces, experts in clandestine mass graves, murderers of peasants, workers and students, both collude because both governments set up coun-

terrevolutionary apparatuses, the "Rodrigo Franco" and the "Colina group". APRA is in panic (see the trio of murderers: Alán, Giampetri, Jiménez)...They are concerned with the punishments for genocide and the excessive exploitation of the country, therefore they want to stop the people's war using the ROL, to go on maintaining this rotten and senile reactionary state, and what does

the ROL say? That Chairman Gonzalo can not put it forward publicly because so demands the conditions of the trial (the petty-fogging lawyer of the miserable Morote)."

...the new Aprista government, the first thing it did, in August, was to fabricate a new reactionary hoax against Chairman Gonzalo, a hoax that the Party denounced immediately

THE REACTION LEADS THE COUNTERREVOLUTIONARY WAR FOLLOWING THE CONCEPTIONS OF ITS MASTER, YANKEE IMPERIALISM.

That is why the new Aprista government, the first thing it did, in August, was to fabricate a new reactionary hoax against Chairman Gonzalo, a hoax that the Party denounced immediately: "And, on the other hand, the reaction is leading the counterrevolutionary war following the conceptions of its master, Yankee imperialism, a theory established by it on the counterrevolutionary war (low intensity), that Alan García applies today; hence its unavoidable and principal responsibility. Today they stage a new counterrevolutionary hoax of "general amnesty", within their counterrevolutionary strategy, that will be unmasked, crushed and defeated totally and completely by the people's war." (CC of the PCP, August, 2006). Later in the sinister hoax of "new trial" (October, 2006) they had passed a sentence of life imprisonment against Chairman Gonzalo in a summary and closed trial, violating all due process and rights of the "accused". All without allowing the Chairman to have the assistance of a lawyer, without allowing him to speak and respond to the charges they have drawn up, nor to make a pronouncement in this farse of a criminal court, where everyone can talk but him. Because if they had let him talk, all that was said against him by the re-

action and the rats of the revisionist and capitulationist ROL would evidently be revealed as false imputations. "We stress, once more, that until today there are only 2 public manifestations by Chairman Gonzalo: 1) The Speech of Chairman Gonzalo and 2) the agitation that he made in the trial that he is facing and not at any moment did he put forward "PA" ("peace accords")" (CC document quoted).

Later on, the rat "Miriam" asked for pardon and amnesty. The Party denounced that if the amnesty would be given, it would be to everyone but the Chairman, it would be for the rats of the ROL, who, according to the sentence and "prison benefits", could start getting out next April, it would be for all the mass-murderers of their Armed and Police Forces, for all the mass-murderers from yesterday, today and tomorrow. And the Central Committee of the Party called for all the Communists, combatants and masses of the People's War to be a fortress of the Party, taking up the defence of our Great Leadership and his almighty Thought against all the attacks, wherever they may come from, following the example of Chairman Gonzalo, who today, where he is, alone, in the highest STC, assumes his role as a Communist and is a fortress of the Party.

In this way the fascist, genocidal and countryselling García, as head of the Peruvian reaction, of the landlord-bureaucratic State at the service of imperialism, mainly Yankee, took up the responsibility of the applying the counterrevolutionary war following the conceptions of his master, Yankee imperialism, a theory they established on the counterrevolutionary war (of low-intensity), hence the unavoidable and main responsibility lies with him.

Yankee imperialism has led the counterrevolutionary war of "low intensity" directly since 1992, with the self-coup of Fujimori, through the CIA. And its so-called "direct assistance" and "help" in armament, material and equipment have increased, as we can show in a few pieces of data selected in order to be brief.

See the following quote, that reveals the quantity of yankee soldiers that were involved in the region, including our country from 2001 to 2002, and the number of bases and other points, that reveal some of the real yankee involvement in Peru to combat the people's war. It says: "The Army Intelligence Centre (CIE) of Brasil estimates that 'almost 6300 U.S. soldiers, not counting the soldiers from non-governmental agencies contracted by the U.S. government, were stationed or carried out operations in the Amazon region between 2001 and 2002', according

to what the news agency of the Brasilian government disclosed... According to the CIE, the U.S. maintains a presence under different forms, through conventional military bases as well as through an indeterminable number of officials, radars and landing strips. In total, these forms of presence amount to 23. In Peru alone there were eight points, and in Colombia six" (DESAFÍOS 2006-2007-AMÉRICA DEL SUR: Militarización, de eso no se habla. Análisis de Carlos Tautz, RIO DE JANEIRO, dic 2006 (IPS)). In the note, the author complains that neither Evo Morales nor Chávez say anything about it. To us this is clear, but we can not expect the same from the author.

Another, as the Peruvian dailies reported, at the end of last November, "just as expected, the United States Senate approved yesterday extending the Law of Andean Customs Preferences and Erradication of Drugs (ATP-DEA) for six months, with which they ratified the decision taken some hours before to the same effect by the House of Representatives"

Furthermore, in Washington, before the Yankee master, García reaffirmed his promise to "annihilate the people's war" disguised as the "threat of narco-traffic", like this: "We also believe that one of the points of work should be the total erradication of the threat of narco-traffic, a subject in which we have a common promise that is going to be strengthened and revised" (García to Bush, October 10, in the Oval Office).

The US has so far this year delivered new helicopters for the anti-subversive struggle, the MIG-17 and is borrowing the UH helicopters of the Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA) ("which it borrows at times for some operations", declarations of Benedicto Jiménez after the December 16 ambush).

Yankee imperialism has to increase its direct military participation before the greater development of the People's War in Peru, its "help" and its political backing to the regime on duty. And the reaction has to increase the quantity of armed forces, of enemy forces that directly combat the Party, and of resources and it has to modify its plans for fitting them into this situation, starting with admitting that we are the main problem for the old Peruvian State, to create public opinion for carrying out a more developed counterrevolutionary war. And this means, despite all they say to the contrary, to center on the military aspect, developing everything else as civilian action, control of the population and "psycological war", "intelligence", which means a bigger genocide, and give a new boost to their mesnadas or "peasant patrols", more air war and therefore bombardments from the air on the

populations of the People's Committees.

This is how we have to interpret what was declared by

the genocidal commander of the army: "The general commander of the Army, Edwin Donayre Gotzch, said that in order to revert to the narco-traffic, terrorism, the marginalization and the isolation in the Zone of the Apurímac and Ene River Valley (VRAE) the most suitable would be to "erradicate poverty from the roots instead of militarizing the zone...The fact that a general is involved in the VRAE plan pushed forward by the government, does not mean to militarize the zone. Here, what must start to be noticed is the effective presence of the state", Donayre argued.



The police taking down a Party banner, 2006

Nevertheless, he announced that a greater emphasis would be placed on the support of the counter-subversive bases in the VRAE as a policy of change without prerogatives in order to finish off the remaining Senderistas in the mentioned zone." (The daily La República, January 19, 2007).

THE LEADERSHIP OF THE PARTY HAS CORRECTLY DEFINED THE POLITICAL JUNCTURE AND VICTORIOUSLY CONFRONTS THE NEW PLANS OF THE COUNTERREVOLUTIONARY WAR WITH PEOPLE'S WAR

The Communist Party of Peru, with people's war, has made the new counterrevolutionary plans blow away, plans set up by Yankee imperialism through this fascist and genocidal Aprista government, with the complicity of the traitors of the ROL, in essence revisionist and capitulationist, miserable ones who in 1992 began with their sinister counterrevolutionary work.

So far, during all these past months, the new Aprista government's "new plans" were hit, its counterrevolutionary plans blown up, the montage of the new Aprista administration has been undermined, a very successful boycott of the elections for re-changing the authorities on a regional and municipal level was carried out in November. The Party has given a good reception, they do not dream of the offensive, they believe that they could neutralize it, according to their own reports, and they have not succeeded. In the principal Regional Commit-

tee, Ayacucho, where they are centering so much, their plans do not work, the guerrilla combatants are expanding; other actions have followed the brilliant ambush of

December 16 in Ayacucho, like the one of Huancavelica in the first days of the new year. The Party is expanding the radius of action of the People's War, new cadres and party members, an increase in the People's Liberation Army and an expansion of the Support Bases and more People's Committees.

The Party has taken them by surprise, they could not fathom, see the following quotes:

"The commander of the Ninth Territorial Region of the Police in Ayacucho, Miguel Hidalgo, reported: 'We

are carrying out patrolling with the Army and the Police and are expecting results in the capture of these individuals', Hidalgo said, according to the Andean Agency report. The official expressed his confidence in that the implementation of the integral plan of develoment and security in the zones of the Apurimac and Ene River Valley (VRAE), with the mobilization of around 1,500 soldiers, will allow the pacification of this zone and avoiding a repeat of these attacks. As is known, between ten and eleven yesterday morning, Saturday, a patrol formed by sub-officials of the National Police and personnel of the National Coca S.A. Company (Enaco) were ambushed by a group of narco-terrorists. This occurred on the Tambo-Apurimac River road, near the localities of Rosario and Machente, in the district of Ayna, La Mar Province." (El Comercio, December 17, 2007)

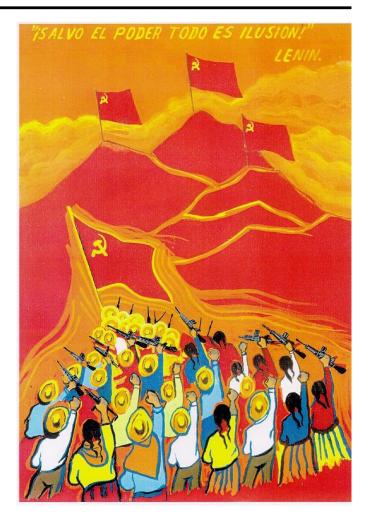
The genocidal Fernando Rospigliosi, former Minister of the Interior, remarked: "The situation continues to deteriorate, and it was already foreseeable because there is no adequate policy of fighting against drugs nor against terrorism. The Apurimac and Ene River Valleys (VRAE) are abandoned. Let us remember that December 5 of last year there was an attack on Palmapampa, very close to where it occured this time, and nothing has been done the whole year".

Jaime Antezana, senderologist: "To analyze the significance of this ambush one must remember that a few weeks ago a mission of seven ministers, headed by the Minister of Defense, Allan Wagner, travelled to the VRAE and put forward the redesign of the Peace and Development Plan. It was announced that a police front would be set up, similar to what exists in the Huallaga Valley,

and that 1,500 troops will be sent. Furthermore, now a military colonel will be in command of the military base of Pichari. The coca producers perceive that all these measures aren't aimed at fighting terrorism, but to apply a hard hand in the erradication of the cultivation of coca leaves. In this context, Sendero Luminoso has said: 'Well, if an offensive against us comes, we will anticipate it'. So the ambush is a response and a challenge to the visit of the ministers. What Sendero wants is to appear to the coca producers as the ones who are going to be with them at the moment of the eradication. The sad thing is that the Government didn't anticipate the effects that this ministerial visit would have."

The leadership of the Party, applying Gonzalo Thought, has correctly defined the political juncture: a new administration and the problems that come with it for the enemy; the political, military and economic problems, that the enemy has to increase its forces, of its Armed Forces in general and its militarized Police Forces, this brings contradictions. In this way, the Party victoriously confronts the increase of the enemy forces that combat the People's War, following what was established by Chairman Gonzalo for situations like these: "We should think about all this and we would do badly if we did not think about the increase of the Armed Forces in order to fight us, as well as the Police Forces and mesnadas, an error that we can not commit, which implies that we should undermine the mesnadas; destroy them; unmask them more and more and show that they are appendages of the reactionary Armed Forces, of the reactionary Police Forces, but knowing the contradictions that they have we can apply the bold advance that implies that we consider the politics of decomposition of the enemy forces, decomposition that we should intensify...The previous one is linked to two questions: the decomposition of the enemy forces and the peasant struggle for the land question." And this is what the reactionary press is reporting daily, whether they like it or not, the development of the peasant struggle for the land question."

In this way, the Party advances, concretizing the concentric construction of the three instruments of the Revolution: the Party, the People's Liberation Army and the Front/ New State. The development of the mass work is shown in the cities in masses who mobilize, in the armed actions of agitation and propaganda that are realized in the whole country, much more pronounced in these past months in Lima and counting on the explosiveness of the masses being intensified on all fronts. All this shows the invincibility of the Marxist-Leninist-Maoist, Gon-



zalo Thought, mainly Gonzalo Thought, People's War, its victorious development, and that we have overcome the inflection and advance in the overcoming of the bend. Our People's War today confronts new and complex situations of going on forging more and more a leadership with recognized ascendancy, also, it is constructing the 3 instruments of the Revolution ambushed in the masses, following the principle: "the organic follows the political", which is to say, according to the new circumstances, this we are solving by grasping Gonzalo Thought to solve new problems, what has allowed us to mobilize and lead their struggles, because "We take the infinite confidence in the masses as our starting point and they are ready for the Revolution: they do not listen, nor will they listen, nor will they defend the Old State, nor the genocidal Armed Forces, because the Party has been, since before the initiation of the armed struggle, living with and fighting alongside the masses", we stand firmly by our principles: "the Party is the highest form of organization, the Army the main form of organization and the Front is the third instrument, and all these instruments are for taking the power by means of the revolutionary violence" (CC of the PCP, quoted document).

International Situation:

Latin America:

CHAVEZ' CORPORATIVE FASCIST GOVERNMENT SERVES AND FALLS WITHIN YANKEE IMPERIALISM'S PLANS FOR LATIN AMERICA

FOR THE MARXIST-LENINIST-MAOISTS, THE CENTRAL AND DECISIVE QUESTION IS: WHO HAS STATE POWER

It was announced, as expected, that the fascist country-seller, Chávez, has been re-elected as president of the so-called Bolivarian Republic of Venezuela. How could it be any other way? If it is the government of the only functioning political party in Venezuela (the reactionary Armed Forces) which in turn controls the corporative organizations like the "Missions" and "the patrols", "squads", etc., in which they have organized the masses, who are forced by fascist demagogy, misery and unemployment and where a "cream" of opportunists ride on their backs, cozily wrapped in the "sweet money" of the "boom" in oil prices. That is to say, the most fraudulent elections of this country's history.

After his triumph, chieftain Chávez had announced very smugly that: Venezuela will from now on be a socialist republic, where all the parties of the "revolution" will have to either be organized into one single party of the revolution or leave the government; that "Chávez has obtained the votes, not the parties"; that he is going to nationalize the strategic enterprises and renegotiate the oil contracts, above all those of the Orinoco river basin, that he himself negotiated; that he is going to eliminate the "independence" of the Central Bank of Venezuela, reforming the fascist constitution that he, himself, imposed, getting an authoritative law of the Parliament to dictate all the laws they want, among other measures announced in the ceremony of naming his new ministers (rather, secretaries of the president) in the first days of January of this year. What does all this about "socialism of the 21st century" serve? Only to distract the masses from the acute problems of today, leading them toward false perspectives of a supposed future socialism and to give new impetus to the fascist-corporative plan. Besides deceiving the masses, the "socialist" theory of Chávez and his revisionist mentors does not contain anything new, it belongs to the old bureaucratic road, in opposition to the democratic road, in opposition to the revolution of new democracy, in opposition to carrying out the two fundamental tasks pending: the national task and the democratic task.

For us, for the Marxist-Leninist-Maoists, the central and decisive question is who has State Power, which class exercises its dictatorship, who controls the means of production; this is the question that we, Maoists, take as our starting point, this is the criteria to define if the Venezuelan State is a revolutionary State (that is, of New Democracy or Socialist) or a reactionary State

of landlord-bureaucratic dictatorship submitted to imperialism, mainly Yankee. Well then, why do not the defenders of the "socialist revolution" of chieftain Chávez show us: Where are the Workers Councils and the People's Committees, the organs of the New State Power? Where is the government of workers and peasants? They are not anywhere, they do not exist; all there is, is corporative monstrosities completely controlled by the one political party of the "Bolivarian Revolution", the Venezuelan Armed Forces, genocidal and fascist, backbone of the landlordbureaucratic dictatorship which is at the service of imperialism, mainly Yankee, the hangmen of the people. And the means of production? How many oil fields do the Venezuelan workers control? How many estates of the landlords and of the imperialist companies are now controlled by the poor peasantry? Regarding these things there is nothing but some fraudulent shows -- nothing real -- nothing of the worker-peasant Power led by the Communist Party. Thus, beginning with these two points alone, tight and indissolubly united, this demonstrates that the so-called "socialism of the 21st century" is even more backward than the old and buried socialism of the German School.

WHAT IS THE FASCIST, CHÁVEZ, AIMING AT WITH HIS DECLARATIONS?

Because of the moment when they are made, they are directed at two very distinct audiences: one is the poor masses of Venezuela, whom he seeks to deceive with a future of happiness, while faced with the misery of the present, despite the immense riches of the country; another thing is the market speculators, the speculators of imperialist capital, of "futures", in order for them to push up oil prices that today fall consecutively. Because, as the bourgeois political experts themselves have pointed out, its present and future is tied to the "boom" in oil prices, like what happened in the past with the other "lucky" rulers of Venezuela, like Carlos Andrés Pérez, buddy of the fascist Alan García, or the Christian Democrat Rafael Caldera, who practiced a similar politics, but under a different name, to that of the "missions". They relied on the patronage system and pushed forward the corporativization; and like today, they also broke the records of state corruption and wasting "public money". And he has not been the only one: Putin, these days, has also pushed for trying to keep the oil price high; he has done his part in the contest with Lukashenko and the closing of the "Friendship" oil field. But the undertones of his speech reiterates the corporativization plan, the structuring of the Corporative State, with the "single party", the "reform of the constitution...", the authoritative law of parliament to obtain broad powers for the

development of his plan and to be prepared for the new crisis in the making, and, especially, to ward off the difficulties persisting in its course. Chávez's high-flown speech has importance in this context; he has opened the road to the structuring of the Corporative State by fascist conception.

As seen in his reference to the suppression of the independence of the Central Bank, of which functions in the operation of part of the international reserves of Venezuela had already been removed, what Chávez is looking for is to advance in the application of fascism and corporativization, aiming at taking the most possible control of the economy (which started with the state oil industry and today will proceed with the banks, first aiming at the Central Bank, and later moving on to industry and all kinds of goods). From January, 1999, the two factions entered into a deeper contention, but they can collude with each other, and, therefore, will be in contention-collusion-contention, etc.

The comprador is not for easily letting go of the prey, it is a contention for who leads, and under which conditions the comprador will be submitted; it is a contradiction inside the bosom of the reaction, particularly in the bosom of the big bourgeoisie, but this complicates things for the national bourgeoisie and the emerging layer of the petty bourgeoisie. That mass is the object of contention, the masses are the arena of contention that fascism and revisionism wants to tether. Furthermore, the Russian superpower sells arms to Chávez's Venezuela, which makes big deals with the imperialist powers like Spain, China, etc., so these are trying to penetrate; this does not mean that Chávez is breaking with the US. This guy is mounting two horses. They are contentions and collusions between the superpowers and the imperialist powers, which generate internal frictions in Venezuela.

YANKEE IMPERIALISM IS MORE SECURE WITH CHÁVEZ THAN WITH ANY OTHER

The "anti-imperialism" of Chávez does not surprise anyone who is the slightest bit informed about what is happening in Venezuela and in the world. The very scribes of the imperialist rivals of the Yankee imperialists write about the real portrait of Chávez, like, for example, Josef Oehrlein from the Frankfurter Allgemeine Zeitung (a German newspaper linked to the CDU, the party of the governing coalition of Chancellor Angela Merkel); it comments on the announcement of Chávez of founding a "Single Socialist Party" and making Venezuela into a "socialist country", like this: "Significantly, Chávez, despite his threatening gestures, hasn't suspended his shipments of oil to North America, nor the import of goods, very much to the contrary. Business is very good, but very good and in both aspects. His anti-americanism and his plan, to construct a bolivarian anti-empire, is exposed, therefore, as a ploy to get attention and to boost his role as the 'new liberator' of Latin America" (in the article "Bolivarian Spectacle", December 27, 2006).

For us, the corporative fascist government of Chávez serves, and is inside, the plans of Yankee imperialism for Latin America and serves the native exploiting classes (especially the bureaucratic sector of the Venezuelan big bourgeoisie) with the particularity of being a regime sustained and boosted by the Armed Forces, backbone and foundation of the Venezuelan State. It is a plan that is executed within specific international conditions and according to the class struggle in that country.

The oratory of Chávez, his demagogy and posturing, can confuse some and win applauses from others, above all from the revisionists who are always seeking a "revolutionary" military; but, his imperialist master is sure of who they are dealing with from the beginning: "In those days [January of 1999, our note]... John Maisto, the first US ambassador in turn to fight with him. According to the then commander of the diplomatic mission in Caracas, to Chávez he didn't have to judge him by his words, but by his actions. 'See his hands and not his mouth', he said". (Quoted in the book "Hugo Chávez Out of Uniform", Alberto Barrera Tyszka and Cristina Marcano, Barcelona, 2006, p. 258)

And we are going to continue quoting these authors because they help to illustrate very well what we have expressed. They continue: "Chávez tells about his informal meeting with Bush during the 2nd Summit of the Americas, held in Canada, in April, on these terms: "He told me he would like to be my friend, and I told him: I want to be your friend too. We greet each other, but there was no accord, no arrangement, no bilateral meeting; I hope we can do that in the near future" (The National, April 23, 2001).

"The expressed wishes of Chávez will not be fulfilled...On the level of formal diplomacy, relations are bound to get worse, but not reaching the abyss. In the aspect of trade, it will always go splendidly. The United States-which buys around 72% of the Venezuelan oil exports-will continue to be the prime commercial partner of the Caribbean country, and Venezuela will continue being a safe supplier, that doesn't find fault with the US transnationals interested in investing. One thing is George W. Bush and the other is Chevron-Texaco, whose representative for Latin America, Ali Moshiri, is received by Hugo Chávez with open arms." (Ibid, page 259) Our comment: Chávez guarantees the fulfillment of one of the main strategic objectives of the USA in Venezuela, to safeguard the oil supply to North America. That is why for Washington it works out to be more convenient to practice with Chávez the so-called "diplomacy of the oil industries", as it was doing in that region with the Arab oil despots until the first Gulf War.

Later on, the book authors commented: "It (the White House) knows that while Chávez insults and takes the US president like a leitmotiv of his campaign rhetoric for winning popular opinion, the Venezuelan government pays \$1.2 million to Patton Bogs, LLC, one of the most prestigious US pressure groups, for improving his image in Washington. It's not the first time. Already during his first year in power, the bolivarian government reached a record \$15,363,398 in lobbying, topping the list of

Latin American governments that contract for influence in the United States in the magazine Latin Trade. And he has founded his own bolivarian lobby, the Venezuelan Information Office (VIO)...In Washington, after over five years of verbal attacks, it is also known that Hugo Chávez isn't so terrible as he makes himself out to be. And they remember that council of Maisto 'don't be led by what he says, but by what he does'. Venezuela fulfils its promises, it supplies oil on time, keeping itself as the fourth exporter to the United States after Canada, Saudi Arabia and Mexico: and it makes deals with gringo oil companies, without any anti-imperialist itches. A good part of the exploration of the Delta Shelf, a giant project of five oil fields, 250 kilometers from the Orinoco Delta, is turned over to Chevron-Texaco. Ali Moshiri, business chairman for Latin America, has it clear. When Chávez threatened the oil shipments, he commented serenely: 'Politics is separate from business and up to now we haven't had any slip-ups in our projects...In the belt (of the Orinoco) we are improving, that means lots of money'. A couple of days before the revoking referendum that would decide his permanence in the presidency of Venezuela, Hugo Chávez showed during a press conference the analysis of the main North American financial publications, that forebode that with Chávez the traders would have more economic stability and would have less uncertainty. At that moment, the rudimentary language of the simple left hadn't surfaced, he hadn't made high-flown cries against imperialism and savage neoliberalism. When counting the money, the deaths in Iraq and the interventionist vocation of the United States didn't seem to matter much. In the oil negotiations, Chávez didn't cry 'Yankee Go Home!"".

That is, with Chávez Yankee imperialism is more secure than with any other, that is why when imperialism had to settle in April, 2002 (when the state coup attempt by the comprador faction of the big bourgeoisie occurred) it was made in favor of Chávez, representative of the bureaucratic faction of the big bourgeoisie, and put aside the "transition president", Carmona, representative of the opposition, of the Venezuelan comprador faction, and chairman of FELDECAMARAS. Chávez himself had told the Argentine magazine Page 12, "that his decision to turn it over to the revolting soldiers was a strategic game, because he wished to be in his natural environment, among militaries, in Fort Tiuna". But what Chávez did not say is that the Yankee military mission operated out of Fort Tiuna (as it does until now), site of the Ministry of Defense. Furthermore, in January, 2006, Chávez had drawn up a new agreement with the DEA.

THE DEVELOPMENT OF BUREAUCRAT CAPITALISM AND THE APPEARANCE OF THE FASCIST PHENOMENON.

As Chairman Gonzalo teaches us, the logical consequence of the development of bureaucrat capitalism is the appearance of the fascist phenomenon. That is why it is necessary to have an accurate understanding of what bureaucrat capitalism is. Many get bogged down in empty discussions of whether, for example: "we are actually dealing with a revolutionary, or whether he will just end up being another one of those despots with which this continent has been so generous", whether this or that Chavez government measure has "positive aspects", etc.

The so much propagandized and once more announced chatter of the "nationalizations" are rapidly deflated when you understand what this form of capitalism, impelled by imperialism in the backward countries, is. Even the most bitter revisionist defenders of Chávez, and the rest of the people of the same ilk, like the Mexican-German Heinz Dieterich, have to admit, much to their regret, the class character of the process that the reactionary Armed Forces in Venezuela push forward, in this way: "So the military coups are a result of this antagonism: between a pro-economic development faction, more popular among the bourgeoisie or the political class and a faction more neo-liberal and country-selling... Bolivia also is going in the direction of Keynesian economy, of the replacement of imports, of CEPALism or whatever you want to call it, it has many names because it is about 200 years old. No, there is not a way to socialism in Bolivia, because you can't fly if you don't have a plane; the objective and theoretical conditions for socialism do not exist in our peoples, you have to create them. What is happening is that the Keynesian governments improve the conditions for working with the people and creating consciousness. It is what Chávez does-correctly." (In an Interview with the revisionist "Mariátegui Magazine"-Peru, August 2006)

No, what Chávez intends to do, what fascism intends to do, is to stop the revolution, you can not see it as a simple fuss between rich people, to put it forward in this way is to take away the class character of the contention. You have to show their class character, what system they want to impose, what motives they are contending over and what fascism intends to do. The replacement of a demo-bourgeois order with a fascist and corporative one must be unmasked. It is the most sinister enemy that the class and the people can have, it is a collusion and contention. Historically, the fact that the State assumes an economic role indicates that the revolution is near. In Peru bureaucrat capitalism at a certain moment has had to bind itself to the State (World War II), for developing a monopolist state capitalism, which implies a maturation of the revolution: That is objective. But you have to see that the expropriations, "nationalizations", serve to strengthen a fascist State, to make the most dangerous enemy of the class and the people stronger, to give it better conditions in the fight against the revolution. Then, how can we support that? It would be better for us that this expropriation or strengthening of the State in general does not develop, but we are not going to put ourselves at the tail of the comprador bourgeoisie. That would be like putting ourselves at the tail of Russia or of whatever other imperialist power because the United States dominates us. We have to unmask the process, make understood what it is about and to denounce opportunism which seeks to promote this fascism in order to curb the revolution and defend the State. For opportunism, it does not matter how much blood, how much bondage and hunger the masses suffer. It is the same phenomenon as the treason of the old revisionism of social democracy. To consdider sup-

porting the "nationalizations" of Chávez, Morales, Correa or whoever else is to be a revisionist. What the revolutionaries of all these countries of Latin America, who have not yet initiated people's war, are to do is to reconstitute the Communist Party and prepare the people's war. The masses are the arena of contention. As Chairman Gonzalo teaches us, the mass work has to have two parts: that of their demands and the one that only the revolution will solve the problem.

It falls to us, armed with Marxism-Leninism-Maoism, Gonzalo Thought, to understand the process of development of bureaucratic capitalism which is being boosted in Venezuela with the political power of the big bureaucratic bourgeoisie, represented by the reactionary Venezuelan Army, like in other countries of Latin America, as a part of Yankee imperialism's plans for Latin America. We should make clear the class character of the Chávez regime, as a representative of the big bourgeoisie and the landlords at the service of imperialism; that, as our founder José Carlos Mariátegui, said: "'Our industrialists' are nothing but assemblers, and the 'financiers' are nothing but usurers. The big bourgeoisie care more for the rent than for production". And the same applies to the present govern-

ment of Bolivia, that of Evo Morales, who applies an "agrarian reform" more limited than that of 1953 with the MNR (that is to say, the landlord road in agriculture, and the "nationalization" of the hydrocarbons, which have benefited the same monopolies that were in the sector before the government measures). The call of the new "leftist" Correa government in Ecuador is still no less ridiculous, which says that it is going to make the revolution "increasing the oil and banana exports".

For the proletariat and the peoples of Latin America this problem deserves much attention, now more than ever, because as Chairman Gonzalo points out: for the people, there is no other road than the revolution of new democracy and all its activity should be oriented towards its attainment; that is, the reconstitution of the Communist Party and the preparation of the initiation of the people's war. To denounce the Corporative State structure and to demonstrate its course is of utmost importance, as is combating its advocates; the problem for the revolutionaries of these countries to consider is, in synthesis, like this: To serve the structuring of the Corporative State or to follow the road of encircling the cities from the countryside; the first serves the reaction, the second serves the revolution.

International Situation:

THE MORE IMPERIALIST WAR OF AGGRESSION - THE GREATER DEVELOPMENT OF THE NEW GREAT WAVE OF WORLD PROLETARIAN REVOLUTION

The imperialist war of aggression against the oppressed nations extends to the Horn of Africa. Yankee imperialism, in its position as sole hegemonic superpower, is the main aggressor in collusion and contention with the rest of the imperialist powers. The weakness of the Yankees is shown more and more each day in the face of the onslaught of fiery resistance by the peoples of the attacked and occupied nations. Facing this situation they announce a "new strategy" that will be nothing but more war of aggression, more genocide, giving priority to the "air war" and giving more momentum to "ethnic and religious violence" in order to deepen divisions between the occupied peoples up to the partitioning of the country. Here is where the assassination of Saddam Hussein fits in perfectly, which was ordered by Washington and carried out by "Shiite" hangmen. On the other side, contention for the control and safeguard of the energy supply, mainly oil and gas, dealt a blow to the imperialist countries of Europe, revealing to everyone the strategic importance of the war zone and therefore of the oil and gas supply. This clarifies that with their war of aggression the Yankee imperialists aim at obtaining strategic superiority by controlling the part of the world that unifies three continents, and after achieving this, unleashing its war against the nuclear superpower Russia. What is developing before our eyes is a war of imperialist aggression on the way to an imperialist world war. But in their contention the imperialists, for their part, seek to avert (where their collusion is expressed) a powerful anti-imperialist movement—so that it is not created, that it does not emerge, and most of all, that it is not led by Maoism-for this, the general counterrevolutionary offensive continues under the Yankee baton. As servants of imperialism the revisionists, mainly the "new revisionists", serve this counterrevolutionary offensive, today giving momentum to the road of "peace talks", of "peace accords" in order to sell the revolution for a mess of pottage. That is, to exchange the democratic, anti-imperialist and anti-feudal for parliamentary seats and am-

bassadorship, calling for following the old bureaucratic road, the dead-end road of the votes. For our side, the true Marxist-Leninist-Maoists, mainly Maoists, the class, the people in all countries and continents: we oppose this general counterrevolutionary offensive with our Marxist-Leninist-Maoist, Gonzalo Thought counter-offensive and we will crush it with world people's war.

CONTENTION BETWEEN RUSSIA AND BELARUS FOR OIL

The reality of what is at stake in the current war of aggression and its development in this entire region that spans from Afghanistan to Somalia, is expressed with complete clarity in the current contention between Russia and Belarus for oil. At the start of the second week of January, Russia had cut the supply of crude oil to Belarus and Europe, cutting off the flow of crude from the "Druschba" ("Friendship") pipeline whose main branch passes through this country, runs through Poland and arrives to Germany, according to what was made public by disagreements over the price of crude and customs duty. They argue that the government of Minsk has illegally extracted crude from the pipeline. Behind this contention, the objective of the Kremlin is to put pressure on the Belorussian government of Lukashenko in order to accelerate the process of integration agreed upon by the two countries, that has to end up in a "United State", within the project of reconstituting a single economic space by the Russian superpower in the space of the deceased revisionist Soviet Union, to stop being "weak like a dying dog" between the two superpowers and to be in position to dispute the world hegemony of the sole hegemonic power, the US. Facing this fact, the President of the European Union, Barroso, and Angela Merkel, the German Chancellor, assuming the view of the rest of the European imperialists, have classified the fact as "unacceptable", criticizing the closing of the abovementioned pipeline while they cry out for finishing with European unilateral dependence on Russian gas and oil by the monopolist merging of their interests in the industry (which is impossible). This is what they call a mutual dependency. Also, they propose strengthening diversification of the supply sources (from Norway, Algeria and Central Asia) and to diversify the transport routes; in this, just like in respect to the sources, they do not have many routes to choose from, they propose that the current routes (oil pipelines) be open for other industries and for third-party countries.

And, to conclude this section, the commentaries of the imperialist media conclude that, in view of the lat-

est developments in Russia, new sights are set on the Near East in the search for gas and oil suppliers. According to these media two-thirds of the known oil reserves and 40% of all the gas reserves are in five countries around the Persian Gulf. These countries only contribute one-third of world oil production. This will change rapidly in the following years because oil extraction from the North Sea and from the United States will diminish. The States in the Community of Independent States, with Russia at the head, will raise their production from the current 7.3 million barrels/ day to 13.1 million by 2020; the Persian Gulf States from the current 23.9 million barrels/day to 42.2 million. But this increase will be insufficient if you take into account that China's demand for energy increases 3.2% each year, which means the need for daily oil production will require an increase of around 32 million barrels/ day by the year 2030. Four-fifths of the increase will be shouldered by the countries that do not belong to the so-called industrialized (imperialist) countries. The countries of the Persian Gulf increasingly dominate gas mining. After Russia, Iran is the country with the largest reserves in the world, Qatar is the third in gas reserves and currently exports to the Asian countries. Today, facing the events in Russia, gas once again becomes of interest (it just so happens to be the object of greater contention) for the European countries. Also, they say to the press that in this struggle of existence for the European imperialists, new gas pipelines will run from Algeria to Europe, one of them from Nigeria through Algeria. And what is the Russian superpower doing here? The press says that regarding this, the Russian state energy monopoly GASPROM takes the Algerian competition seriously. Last year the Russian monopoly GASPROM finalized a "cooperation" agreement with the Algerian Sonatrach. Take further into account that since 2005 Germany has bumped the United States (USA) from first place in the list of the world's largest exporting countries, and China holds third place after the USA since 2004, but followed by Japan, France, Italy and Great Britain. In synthesis: what was established by the Great Lenin is once again confirmed: that politics is the concentrated expression of economics and that war is the continuation of politics by other means. As he himself pointed out to us (crushing the opportunist position of Kautsky, who would try to mask the most profound contradictions of imperialism with his opportunist theory of "ultra-imperialism"): "Imperialism is the epoch of finance capital and of monopolies, which introduce everywhere the striving for domination, not for freedom. The result of these tendencies is reaction all along the line whatever the political system, and an extreme intensification of existing antagonisms in this domain also. Particularly intensified become the yoke of na-

tional oppression and the striving for annexations, i.e., the violation of national independence (annexation is nothing but the violation of the right of nations to selfdetermination)...and, consequently, also to increasing resistance". And as he himself pointed out, regarding the imperialist contradiction, we are witnessing "the struggle for the sources of raw materials, for the export of capital, for "spheres of influence," i.e., for spheres for profitable deals, concessions, monopolist profits and so on, and finally, for economic territory in general... particularly intense struggle for the division and the redivision of the world". As he also pointed out, this is "...the living connection between periods of imperialist peace and periods of imperialist war". All, "out of one and the same basis of imperialist connections and relations within world economics and world politics".

THE YANKEE IMPERIALISTS ARE ONCE AGAIN PRESENT IN SOMALIA WITH WEAPONS AND WORDS

Shortly before December 25, 2006, a news item captured the editors of the largest media of the world: that a force of 12 million men of the Ethiopian army, one of the poorest countries on Earth, had invaded Somalia. It would later be confirmed that the troops of this wretched country were acting under direct orders of Yankee imperialism, who had decided to carry out in this way its war of conquest in Somalia, for imposing its hegemony there through the so-called "legitimate government", its rule over this oppressed nation of the Third World, predominating over its imperialist rivals in this important African country. During the last two decades of this past century the Yankee imperialists drove Ethiopia to civil war, and afterwards had been behind the conflict that is maintained with Eritrea, egging on both sides. That's why the recent declaration by the Eritrean President, Issayes Afewerki, has important meaning: he said that the war in Somalia had been "unleashed by those forces opposed to a united Somalia" and that the "Ethiopian invasion of Somalia is not spontaneous but a well organized plan and was initiated some time ago by the Washington administration". And on the 9th of this month, the Yankee imperialists are again present in Somalia with weapons and words: they have conducted air strikes on small villages near the border with Kenya (south of the country), killing defenseless inhabitants, and they have relocated the Eisenhower Aircraft Carriers from the Persian Gulf to the Horn of Africa. And prior, on the 7th of this month, the Secretary for African Affairs of the Yankee State Department, Jedayi Frazer, arrived in Mogadishu in order to lead the "Transition Federal Government" (TFG) of the puppets Yusuf (President) and Oedi (Prime Minister). In this way, in application of the plans of Yankee imperialism for imposing its strategic superiority, the imperialist war of aggression is extended to this extremely important part of Africa, just as we have denounced in our previous issues, and their preparations for a new imperialist world war for a new re-division of the world come more out in the open. We condemn this new aggression of Yankee imperialism against the people of Somalia and we are sure that the Somali patriots will count on the support of the Somali people to carry forward the war of resistance that they are today developing, deploying themselves over the whole country in a guerrilla war. The people of Somalia have a just hatred for the imperialists, mainly Yankee, for their reactionary servants of Ethiopia and for the local warlords and their new government, representatives of feudalism and bureaucrat capitalism at the service of imperialism, mainly Yankee. What task does the proletariat in this country now face? To construct its Marxist-Leninist-Maoist, mainly Maoist, Communist Party, militarized amidst the war of resistance and to construct the three instruments of the revolution concentrically, going from armed struggle of resistance to people's war of resistance as an indispensable condition for achieving victory and for destroying the three great mountains that oppress the people: imperialism, feudalism and bureaucrat capitalism.

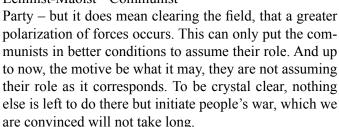
THE YANKEE PLANS IN IRAQ GO FROM ONE FAILURE TO ANOTHER BECAUSE OF THE HEROIC RESISTANCE OF THE PEOPLE

This way Yankee imperialism, despite the fact that it goes from one failure to another, continues its war of aggression, revealing its weakness daily. Yankee imperialism and its allies suffer the onslaughts of the Afghan and Iraqi resistance and have to rethink how to utilize their forces across the land. The Yankee plans in Iraq go from one failure to another because of the heroic resistance of the people. That is why for over a year, and especially after the publication of Backer's "Iraq Study Group" Report, much has been said about a decline in the presence of Yankee troops and even a Yankee pullout from Iraq.

But before proceeding with the development of the situation in Iraq, we should refer briefly to Afghanistan: there the imperialist contradictions converge in an even more complex way; all of which put their hallmark on the actions of all of them, and the Yankees in particular. All of them are in Afghanistan, represented by their respective armed forces, either as an occupation force beneath

the NATO cloak or with mercenaries like the Afghan "warlords" who act on behalf of the interests of different imperialist masters, even with the support they give to different factions within the movement of resistance against the occupation, mainly Yankee. But what stands out in Afghanistan compared to the situation in Iraq, is that the Afghan resistance goes on centralizing more and more. The officials themselves who previously served the

occupation of Soviet socialimperialism are now joining the ranks of the so-called Taliban movement, which has notoriously varied its politics, centering for the moment on unifying everyone possible in a single army against the imperialist occupation. This does not mean that a true National Liberation Front is being formed – which can only be materialized under the leadership of a true Marxist-Leninist-Maoist Communist



To continue on Iraq: on the last day of his three-day visit to Iraq on December 22, 2006, according to the American Forces Press Service, the Defense Secretary Robert M. Gates said on the matter: "The situation here in Baghdad obviously is difficult". The note continues: "Media reports have been dominated by speculation that the United States is considering "surging" additional troops into Iraq to quell increasing violence. Gates discussed the matter with U.S. leaders here and with servicemembers in a breakfast meeting yesterday, but would not get into specifics with reporters". He said: "We've talked with the Iraqis about the best path forward, in terms of improving the security situation here in Baghdad. I think we have a broad strategic agreement between the Iraqi military and Iraqi government, and our military... The Iraqis, working together with our military, have led to success in that area. And, as Iraqis take more responsibility there, the U.S. presence will diminish." Senator Kennedy has classified the situation as "Bush's Vietnam".

On Wednesday, the 10th of this month, the mass-murderer Bush announced his "New Iraq Strategy" under the name "New Way Forward", which planned for an increase of occupation troops of Yankee soldiers by 21,500, on top of the 132,000 soldiers already in the country, for achieving as a priority the "pacification" of Baghdad and Anbar Province, where they plan to attack the neighborhoods, entering house-to-house, putting the troops of oc-

cupation composed of Iraqis as the canon fodder. What is not said is that this is through genocide, assassinations en masse and the displacement of the populations considered hostile. By November these so-called ISF troops would take control of all the provinces, for which according to what has been announced, the Yankee part of the occupation troops go on to have "new tasks", from more "secure" bases in Iraq and a pos-

cure" bases in Iraq and a possible decrease in part of these troops within the next 18 months, for which they plan to use more air war as they have already been doing in Afghanistan, Iraq itself, and now in Somalia, which means a greater genocide. Continuing with the integration of troops, which they are applying intensively, from the Shiite and Kurdish warlords into the so-called ISF, i.e. in the army of occupation, they want to give the impression of having controlled the death squads and private armies. Gaining the support of Iran and Syria for this new strategy in exchange for relieving some international pressure against these regimes (the effect of the execution of Saddam on Assad, the president of Syria, and Khamenei, the religious leader carefully holding power in Iran, should take care of the rest, in return for recognizing their regional influence subjected to the interests of Washington). But this rejuvenated plan of Yankee imperialism is condemned to new failures by its own contradictions and because - which is principal - the flames of the war of resistance of the Iraqi people will grow more and more and the situation of the imperialist aggressor will become more complicated. The so-called "political solution" of a puppet government with "greater responsibility" will certainly fail. The struggle will be long, despite the difficulties and the temporary limitations of the war of resistance, the Iraqi people will persevere in the armed struggle against the occupier and its lackeys and will continue shedding their precious blood

and intensifying the resistance. What corresponds to the Maoists in Iraq is the reconstitution of the Communist



Party in the midst of the war because only a militarized Marxist-Leninist-Maoist Party that develops the war of resistance as people's war can lead to true and complete victory and to definitively destroy the three mountains that oppress the people of Iraq: imperialism, feudalism and bureaucrat capitalism.

The reaction of the "opposition" of the Democratic majority in both chambers of Congress through Nancy Pelosi and Harry Reis was just as expected, more than formal, as it has already been announced, to "not stop supporting the troops". They have criticized the "new plan" in this way: "twice it hasn't worked" (alluding to the fact that it is the third time that the massmurderer Bush asks for an increase of troops). Clear and concise, that a change in majority in parliamentary or in government can only mean changes in tone or gestures, an expression of discontent through the "opposition" because the Bush government does not attain the successes he had promised. Because it is not that those in favor of peace struggle against those in favor of war, sustaining that it "is banal, it means forgetting the essential features and characteristics of imperialism, substituting petty-bourgeois reformism for Marxism." as Lenin established, crushing the opportunist reasoning of Kautsky on imperialism. What is at stake, there and now, are the strategic interests of Yankee imperialism that James Baker himself, on September 4, 1990, as US Secretary of State, at that time, would define through the hanging of Saddam Hussein, like this: "What is at stake economically is the world dependence on access to energy resources in the Persian Gulf...The problem isn't treated on the first line limited to the provision of oil from Kuwait and from Iraq. Much more, it's about a dictator who, he, alone, can throttle the order of the global economy; he would decide, if he drives all of us into a recession or into the darkness of a depression". That's to say, strategic superiority is at stake.

THE YANKEE IMPERIALISTS, ACCORDING TO WHAT BUSH ENDS UP ANNOUNCING, WILL APPLY MORE OF THE SAME

On the Iraqization of the of the Yankee war of aggression, what has to be taken into account is that these forces are composed in the overwhelming majority by Iraqis who are of the Shiite confession or of Kurdish origin (the Peshmerga). And these lackey forces, according to a report of the Yankee imperialists themselves from August 29, 2006, have increased as follows: "Iraqi Security Forces. MOD and MOI security forces continue

to increase in size and capability and are increasingly assuming the lead combat responsibility from Coalition forces. Training, equipping, and fielding security forces continues. Approximately 277,600 Iraqi soldiers and police have completed initial training and equipping, an increase of more than 14,000 in the three months since the last report. (May 2006)".

And according to their same report from November 29, 2006, they have increased once more, like this: "Iraqi Security Forces. More than 45,000 additional Iraqi soldiers and police have completed initial training and equipping since August 2006, bringing the total number of ISF that have been trained and equipped to 322,600."

Notice that "According to the Iraqi Ministry of Displacement and Migration, about 460,000 people have been displaced since February 2006". And, according to the report: "During the most recent reporting period, the conflict in Iraq has been characterized by a struggle between Sunni and Shi'a armed groups fighting for religious, political, and economic influence, set against a backdrop of a Sunni insurgency and terrorist campaigns directed against the majority-Shi'a Government of Iraq and the Coalition forces that are supporting it...Attack levels—both overall and in all specific measurable categories—were the highest on record during this reporting period, due in part to what has become an annual cycle of increased violence during the Islamic holy month of Ramadan. The most significant development in the Iraqi security environment was the growing role of Shi'a militants. It is likely that Shi'a militants were responsible for more civilian casualties than those associated with terrorist organizations. Shi'a militants were the most significant threat to the Coalition presence in Baghdad and southern Iraq. Baghdad remained the focus of much of Iraq's violence, but it was also significant in Diyala and Anbar Provinces and in the cities of Kirkuk, Mosul, Basrah, Al Amarah, and Balad. In Baghdad, the number of attacks trended downward during August as a result of the start of Operation Together Forward Phase II (OTF II), but rebounded quickly. The nature of violence in Iraq varied from area to area. \pard lang2058 The violence in Anbar was almost completely initiated by Sunni extremists and directed at Coalition forces... The level of sectarian violence in Baghdad has risen, with much of it directed against civilians. Neighborhoods have responded by forming their own militias for self-defense. The Sunni Arab insurgency also remains a potent threat to Coalition forces and the ISF, but it generally conducts smaller-scale

attacks on military targets. As a result, the insurgents have had a lower profile than the sectarian elements executing civilians or al-Qaeda in Iraq elements conducting mass-casualty bombings and suicide attacks....Private security companies have hired individual Peshmerga members for work outside the Kurdish area. Some members of the Peshmerga have been integrated into the Iraqi Army; there are allegations that these former Peshmerga members remain loyal to Kurdish authorities rather than to their proper Iraqi chain of command. Although the Peshmerga does not attack Coalition or Iraqi forces, and in some cases provides security for reconstruction efforts, the perceived dual allegiance of the Peshmerga undermines effective national security and governance... Foreign influence...Iran continues to pursue a dual-track strategy of supporting Shi'a unity and a stable government in Iraq—either a functioning, unified Shi'a-dominated central government or a federated state—on one hand, while facilitating militia activities in Iraq on the other. Iran has developed links to southern Iraq and the Kurdish region to facilitate access and perhaps to safeguard its interests in case Iraq were to split into a collection of sectarian enclaves. [Here the report expresses an objective convergence with the government of Iran. What is more, if you consider that the puppet government imposed by the occupying imperialism is composed of a Shiite majority and that with the assassination of Saddam Hussein not only the Shiites of Iraq, but also the government of Tehran, considers to have gotten what it wanted, our note.] Despite repeated warnings by the United States, the Syrian regime continues to provide safe haven, border transit, and limited logistical support to Iraqi insurgents, especially elements associated with the former Iraqi Ba'ath Party. The Syrians also permit former regime elements to engage in organizational activities, such that Syria has emerged as an important organizational and coordination hub for elements of the former Iraqi regime. Syria has taken a relatively pragmatic approach in dealing with Islamic extremist groups, such as al-Qaeda in Iraq and foreign fighters; although it has detained and deported many foreign fighters, Syria has allowed others to transit to Iraq." [Measuring Stability and Security in Iraq, November 2006. Report to Congress. In accordance with the Department of Defense Appropriations Act 2007 (Section 9010, Public Law 109-289)]

The report does not name Lebanon, but the key interest of Syria in Lebanon, in dispute with the interests of Iran, would be the perfect exchange currency that the Yankee strategists have thought, and it would be one of the answers to the question about the recent offensive of Israel

against that country. Then, first the Yankee imperialists are thinking of "permitting", in a more or less underhanded way, a controlled influence of Iran over an Iraqi puppet of the Yankees, for imposing this on the confessed Shiite Iraqis, a collaboration with the occupier, which if necessary, can arrive at the division of the country for dominating them better. That is the not only symbolic, but practical significance of the "public sacrifice" of Saddam Hussein which the Yankee imperialists had awarded as a present to the Shiites of Iraq and to the government of Iran; with that, apart from seeking to deepen the sectarian division in Iraq, they are trying to sow generalized terror among the "Arab or Islamist leaders" in order to crush whatever resistance to the "new proposals" of Washington, in this country or in the other countries of the region. And secondly, the Yankee imperialists are going to pressure Syria, so that it establishes a cordon sanitaire along the borders that impedes the passage of the Iraqi patriots from one side of the border to the other, in return for recognizing their limited influence in Lebanon and not to demand the "democratization" of Syria. In a word, they're trying to isolate the resistance of the people of Iraq and to impel even more the "ethnic and sectarian" division of the country, to Balkanize it. This is the interpretation that can be made in this part of the report and to see what the "new plan" of the Yankees is with respect to this. Furthermore, the Yankees have already done this before. Take the quote of Chairman Gonzalo as a guide to understanding all this which we published in the 27th edition of RS, page 26, about what is at stake in the Persian Gulf, corroborated by Geoffrey Kemp (in that epoch under Reagan), President of the Near East Department in the US National Security Council, who acknowledged the facts like this: "The memory of the taking of hostages was still very fresh in our minds, the Ayatollah always called us Americans 'the Great Satan' and sought to continue destabilizing the Gulf State governments... We were really innocent, we didn't want Saddam to win the war, nor did we want him to lose. We knew that he was a son of a bitch, but he was our son of a bitch". Of course, he does not talk about how the support to Iraq against Khomeini's Iran was valuable for achieving the final result they wanted and that Reagan pressured the Gulf States for a substantial increase in support for Iraq; but that also, in November 1986, the so-called Iran-Contra affair (the secret negotiations of the Reagan administration with Tehran) was uncovered.

The Yankee imperialists will apply, according to what Bush ends up announcing, more of the same--intensifying the genocide--like what the well-known reporters Seymour M. Hersch and Dahr Jamail denounced in their

article from January 3, 2007, "Expanded Air War in Iraq Kills More Civilians: Bush plans to replace troops with more planes and bombs", in Project Censured 2007 #7, at http://www.projectcensored.org/censored 2007/index. htm#1, where they say: "A key element of the drawdown plans not mentioned in the President's public statements, or in mainstream media for that matter, is that the departing American troops will be replaced by American

airpower." And they quote Patrick Clawson, main director of the Washington Institute, whose opinions often reflect those of Dick Cheney and of Donald Rumsfeld, according to the authors of the article: "We're not planning to diminish the war... We just want to change the mix of the forces doing the fighting—Iraqi infantry with American support and greater use of airpower." And the article adds: "Visions of a frightful future in Iraq should not overshadow the devastation already caused by present levels of American air power loosed, in particular, on

heavily populated urban areas of that country. The tactic of using massively powerful 500 and 1,000 pound bombs in urban areas to target small pockets of resistance fighters has, in fact, long been employed in Iraq. No intensification of the air war is necessary to make it commonplace. Jamail's article provides a broad overview of the air power arsenals being used against the people of Iraq". And they quote the lieutenant colonel Karen Kiatkowski, of the US Air Force: "Shifting the mechanism of the destruction of Iraq from soldiers and Marines to distant and safer air power would be successful in several ways. It would reduce the negative publicity value of maimed American soldiers and Marines, would bring a portion of our troops home and give the Army a necessary operational break. It would increase Air Force and Naval budgets, and line defense contractor pockets. By the time we figure out that it isn't working to make oil more secure or to allow Iragis to rebuild a stable country, the Army will have recovered and can be redeployed in force".

And the article concludes, as an epitaph in advance for the invader: "One thing is for certain, and that is the longer the failed U.S. occupation of Iraq persists, the more U.S. air power will be used—a scenario that closely resembles that of the shameful Vietnam War".

THE REACTION SPURS ON THE REVOLUTION

The imperialist aggression will repeat the script of its previous defeats, that is, it is condemned to fail. So the reaction spurs on the revolution, the popular masses of the occupied countries of Palestine, Afghanistan, Iraq, Somalia, etc., rise up in fervent war of resistance. Thus what Marxism has anticipated is being fulfilled, as Chairman

Gonzalo tells us: "The imperialist superpowers...and other powers seek to invade, penetrate, suffocate, destroy, and drown everything with terror. But, as Chairman Mao said, by attacking, assaulting, and launching offensives they overextend themselves and enter the powerful core of the people. The people rise up, arm themselves and rebel, putting nooses on the necks of imperialism and reaction. The people take them by the throat, threaten their lives and will strangle them out of necessity. The reac-

tionary meat will be trimmed of fat, they will be torn to tatters and rags, the scraps sunk into mire, and the remainders burned. The ashes will be thrown to the winds of the world so that only the sinister reminder of what must never return will remain." This is how it is, as he himself established: we are in the strategic offensive of the world revolution and we have entered a New Great Wave of the World Proletarian Revolution. The revolution will triumph; there we see the that the people's war in Peru is at the vanguard, and the people's war in Nepal, which must not stop in spite of the complex situation there which is presented to the Communists by the action of the new revisionism; in Turkey, in India, where the communists have rejected the sounding of the siren of parliamentary cretinism and persist on the road of the people's war; and like in the Philippines, Bangladesh and other places where the communists struggle with arms in hand and deliver well-aimed blows to the reactionary armed forces. There is the bold struggle of the class and the peoples of Latin America for following the example of the Communist Party of Peru. And it develops like this in all the countries and continents, the revolutionary situation in uneven development. (See in the same section the article: "The situation can burst...")

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International situation:

THE SITUATION CAN BURST... AT ANY MOMENT

For some time, some within the international communist movement (ICM) have been making propaganda for "a new example for making revolution". An example that is supposedly based on the practice of the comrades of the CPN(M) but that follows the ideological and political outlines of the RCP-U.S.A. and its leader Bob Avakian. The mentioned example points out that we communists must center on going step by step, reaching agreements with imperialism and reaction, to in this way gradually arrive at taking the political power. The main theoretical

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foundation that these comrades intend to put forward is that in the world today, the communists cannot lead proletariat and the people to the conquest of power with people's war, and even less defend it - in-

stead, because of the "strength of imperialism" and the "weakness" of the revolutionary forces, what we should supposedly do is enter into different kinds of agreements with imperialism and the reaction; concretely "peace accords" in order to then follow the parliamentary road in those places where revolutionary war is being developed, and in the countries where it still has not been initiated, go for the parliamentary road. That is, what they put forward is nothing but the "peaceful competition", that the revolutionary war, i.e. the people's war, is no longer allpowerful; something that they, consistently, extend to the "peaceful coexistence" even when the proletariat and the people will have conquered the power in a country, and therefore they deny the revolutionary violence and the dictatorship of the proletariat, saying that these are no longer useful for socialism, but instead one must try to apply "the democracy in the 21st century" and, as if to round it all up, these same people put forward that one must "reenvision" Marxism. None of these things are new. Everyone that knows a minimum of the history of the international communist movement will be able to recognize the things put forward by Bernstein, Khrushchev or any

other revisionist that has tried to present his lucubrations as an "enrichment" or "renewal" of Marxism. However, just like their historical predecessors, these persons do not contribute anything new. They simply try to present what comes from the bourgeoisie in new clothing.

Many of these people like to brand us as being mechanical, because they say that we always repeat the same things; but if the opposite, according to them, is being "flexible" with the truth, i.e. being flexible with the principles of Marxism-Leninism-Maoism, principally Maoism, then this "flexibility" is nothing but opportunism. We, like Chairman Mao and Chairman Gonzalo, are firm, implacable and rigorous when it comes to principles; there, there is no compromise; in their application we are flexible, yes, that is how we avoid the trap of dogmatism.

This is why we always insist in the necessity of combating the general counterrevolutionary offensive, headed by Yankee imperialism in its condition as sole hegemonic

superpower, because they center their attack precisely on four things: the revolutionary violence, the dictatorship of the proletariat, socialism and Marxism. These are the four that they counterrevolutionary offensive, and now it

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is precisely these same attacks that come from the very quarries of our movement. Coincident? No, in politics there is no such thing. It is the same, just like what the previous revisionists repeated; the "new" ones just copy what comes from the bourgeoisie. And then they try to present themselves as "creators".

Against these, Chairman Gonzalo, like the Great Leadership he is, not only pointed out the problem to us, but the solution as well: develop the Marxist-Leninist-Maoist, Gonzalo thought, principally Gonzalo thought, revolutionary counteroffensive to defeat the general counterrevolutionary offensive. This is what our Party is doing with people's war, at all costs, whether some people like it or not. Because that is how it is, the communists are

like that, as long as we are followers of the philosophy of struggle, as long as we are young, i.e. as long as we are for the new; among communists there is no one "old" – all of us, no matter our age, are like that – we are always sparks in this great bonfire of the people's war. What we must do, as part of developing this great revolutionary counteroffensive, against any attack wherever it may come from, is to always reaffirm the absolute and sole truth of Marxism, all-powerful because it is true and true because it is the only scientific ideology. Marxism today is Marx-

ism-Leninism-Maoism, principally Maoism; in our case Marxism-Leninism-Maoism, Gonzalo thought, principally Gonzalo thought; Gonzalo thought being the creative application of the universal truth to our concrete conditions. So, it is to the development of our ideology that Chairman Gonzalo was contributing, and it is universally applicable and valid. This affirmation, of the universal validity of Maoism, was recognized in 1993, after more than ten years



Paris, France, 1st of May 2006: "Unite under Maoism!, Communist Party of Peru".

of struggle of Chairman Gonzalo and the PCP, by the Revolutionary Internationalist Movement (RIM). In spite of this, the new "re-envisionists" deny its validity, while at the same time presenting themselves as not only defenders of the RIM, but as if they were the RIM itself. What is valid, according to these gentlemen, is not the documents and agreements of the RIM as a whole, but, like little tyrants, they think that it is their whims that command. Before, they felt weak like dying dogs, because they had nothing, they could only traffic with what others did; now, they think they are in better conditions – now the moment has come to dictate "the new law", because they are counting on their "example".

It is said that no one likes a spoilsport, but in the face of this opportunist binge we can play no other role. The celebration of "an example" that is nothing but the repetition of old falsehoods, of old and well-known treachery, does not serve the proletariat, does not serve the people, does not serve the revolution. Therefore, we are obliged to oppose and face up to this. What the "re-envisionists" are trying to sell us — may it be the godfather himself or

whoever else that only repeats his formulas -, or, rather than sell it, put into our heads, is the idea that we cannot win, that the world proletarian revolution cannot win; that it is not the masses and only the masses that make history, but that the revolution "if it has to come" will come from imperialism, from the reaction, and, according to the reasoning of these persons, imperialism is "stable", "there is no crisis"; we are living, supposedly, under the superimperialism of the "globalized state of Yankee imperialism". This is, however much they try to cover it up under

the cloak of supposed sobriety, pure idealism, pessimism from those that see nothing but the black abyss of their grave. On the contrary, a simple glance at the world confirms that the conditions for the world revolution are excellent, and, when we go on to look at the political situation in the world in detail, we see that it is like that in all corners of the world. In Latin America the fight is on, with the people's war in Peru as the most shin-

ing example – there, the armed struggles never end, and in all those places where they do not manifest themselves yet, there are groups that are putting forward their immediate necessity (see Ecuador, Mexico, Argentina, etc.). In Africa; Sudan, Congo, Sierra Leone, Somalia are at war, just to name a few. The armed struggle continues in Algeria, Egypt, etc – there, all the countries on the continent and all the imperialists, starting with the U.S.A. and France, Sweden and social imperialist China, in one form or another, are involved in the wars and armed struggles. Africa is a continent in flames, where the masses are desperate to liberate themselves of this hell that imperialism, bureaucrat capitalism and semi-feudality imposes upon them. In Asia, the Arabic peoples, just like the people of Afghanistan, heroically combat the imperialist occupation, in India and Turkey people's war is developed, armed struggles in the Philippines and Bangladesh; in Nepal the people, mainly the poor peasantry, have heroically given their precious blood for the people's war, because the people and the communists of Nepal want the new democracy, socialism and communism. Therefore, we are sure that they will persist in the people's

war against those that want to exchange the course of the revolution for the road of the old bourgeois parliamentary democracy. All these struggles express the sharpening of the principal contradiction and prove that the oppressed countries are the base of the world revolution. In social imperialist China the masses fight ferociously, taking up

Chairman Mao and socialism again. At the same time the inter-imperialist contradictions are sharpened more and more. We see how the confrontation between the Yankees and the French continues in Africa, and now China starts to take part with more and more strength. We see how the confrontation in Eastern Europe and the Balkans continue between the Yankees, Russia and Germany; we see how their conflict ended in the case of Lebanon. We see how Russia and China clash with the Yankees in Central Asia, only to name a few examples. In short, the ongoing imperialist war of aggression is sharpened more and more, spurring on the revolution. Now, we ask ourselves: how is the uneven development of the revolutionary situation in the imperialist countries? Let us see: concerning the case of France we refer to the document of the MPP presented at the international meeting in Paris in May 2006, that covers what is the revolutionary situa-

tion in uneven development and how it is expressed in Europe. Concerning the U.S.A. we have treated that in previous articles, and the struggle of the masses against the genocide in New Orleans is the evidence that rounds it up. So, then, what exception can there be to the uneven development of the revolutionary situation in the world? None! But, to not leave any room for doubts, let us go on to look at the supposed exception, the "best example" of the supposed tranquility and stability of imperialism: the heavenly kingdom of Swedish social fascism.

The prime minister of Sweden is the one that stands out most in the chorus of those that say "France is the worst case", "these problems do not exist in the same degree in other places", etc. He expressed his disagreement with the way the French authorities handled the questions before the rebellion, and with the way they acted during the rebellion itself; this shameless social fascist was even quoted in the Lima press saying: "They chose a way and it is difficult for me to judge, but it seems to be a tactic of confrontation, which for me is difficult to see how this can lead to a dialogue". The French paper Le Figaro published an article on November 11th 2005, where it is argued that "Rinkeby [a proletarian neighbor-

hood in Stockholm] is a Swedish model to follow in the neighborhoods." The correspondents of said paper write in a lyrical way about the "Swedish success" in "integration" but in reality it seems that they did not leave their hotel, because in the same article one can read about a "neighborhood where the houses never have more than 5



Banner in Stockholm against the elections in Sweden 2006: "Elections No, People's War Yes! Don't Vote!"

floors" and where "nice female police officers make time to understand old African men with lacking understanding of the Swedish language" (and this only to quote two pearls!). So, for many people Sweden would be the exception and the road or model for how to solve the problem within the imperialist system; therefore it is worth taking a brief look at a case that crushes every such illusion.

On September 11th 2005, the neighborhood Ronna in the industrial city of Södertälje, part of the metropolitan area of Stockholm, the Swedish Capital, exploded. This city has two important particularities; first, it is one of the main centers of heavy industry in the country (production of cars and heavy trucks) and is therefore a city with a very high number of industrial proletarians; second, it is one of the cities in Sweden with the highest number of immigrants (with a unique concentration of Assyrians). And Ronna is precisely a proletarian neighborhood, dominated by workers of foreign origin. There, after a police attack against a group of young people, the whole population, young and old, confronted the police forces during a whole afternoon and a whole night; in the streets of the neighborhood stones and bottles were flying against the anti-riot police; with sticks and fists the workers repelled

the attacks of the chock forces of the guarding dogs of imperialism; with nails and teeth they resisted the detentions. And the masses that did not participate in the struggle itself applauded the fighters from the balconies



Queens, New York, U.S., 2006:
"Crush the new counterrevolutionary hoax of 'general amnesty!" Long live
Chairman Gonzalo! → PCP"

and agitated against the police. It was a struggle directed against the Swedish imperialist state, in particular against its police forces, which had to first apply a frontal assault against the neighborhood and after that occupy it with hundreds of police. But it did not end there: some of the fighters took the struggle to a higher level and attacked the police station with an automatic rifle (a weapon of war) - an armed and planned action. After this action it has been fully confirmed who was the enemy of the masses: although the fighters that made the action were "professional criminals" and "members of criminal gangs" according to the organs of imperialism, and supposedly had no backing from the population – none of these fighters have been reported, none of them could be held in detention, because they are not the ones that are isolated from the masses, but the police. Thus, it was the masses that combined an armed action with the people's struggle in the streets; this is a conscious advance, one more proof that there is a revolutionary situation in uneven development in these countries.

It should be said that Ronna, and Södertälje in general, are not considered the "worst places" in Sweden, and therefore what has happened there is more significant; and the commentator of the main social-democrat

newspaper in the country has an opinion very different from that of the prime minister, of his own party, and in an editorial-type article he wrote – under the title "Soon the war will be here" – in the midst of the struggles in

France, the following: "The discontent and the hatred constantly grows under the surface. All it takes is an incident big enough to spark it off. Once the line has been crossed, the spontaneous rage can easily be hijacked by groups with their own objectives - criminal or political. Maybe that is what we are seeing in Paris. Maybe the leaders of Europe must understand that the struggle against segregation is one of the most important questions of our time. The situation can burst in any of these neighborhoods in Europe. At any moment. See the neighborhood Ronna, in Södertälje." It seems that the prime minister of Sweden is a bit hypocritical when it comes to the criticism of his French colleagues, because after the events in Ronna, the representatives of the Swedish imperialist state have declared their answer: 15 to 20

new police stations distributed throughout the proletarian neighborhoods of Stockholm. In Ronna itself, the population is furious from constantly being bothered by the plain-clothes police.

With the last elections of September 2006, things have jumped out of the frying pan into the fire. Even if the total percentage of voters has increased slightly, basically because imperialism has mobilized some sectors of the lumpen-proletariat under fascist banners – as part of their preparations for confronting a greater advance of the revolutionary situation in uneven development – the tenden-



Spain, 2006

cy in the poorest proletarian neighborhoods continues to be that of rejecting the elections, and in some places the number of voters hardly exceeds 50%. The conditions of the masses continue to get worse, although the economy supposedly is in a "boom" and the imperialist monopolies make fabulous profits; approximately 27% of the

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economically active population is without work, without studies or professional qualification, i.e. they have to live directly on the crumbs from the state, that get smaller and smaller; among those between 16 and 24 years old, the number of employed is less than 50%; unemployment is approximately 3 times higher than in 1990, and this is using the false number of a 4% unemployment indicated by the gruesome numbers presented by the Swedish state, because in accordance with the statistical norms of the European Union (EU), the unemployment reaches almost 9%. Almost 300.000 are underemployed, out of a total population of 9 million; according to the same manipulated statistics, 11% of the children live in conditions of poverty, in total 9% of the population are considered to be poor - in France the number is 13%. All this without counting the ever growing number of people that find themselves in a situation of "illegality" and that are subject to the most intense exploitation, often in "sweatshops" (factories or places of hard work where the exploitation is generally extreme and abusive and the work conditions are the worst), before which the authorities, very appropriately, close their eyes. It is not without reason then, that groups like "Global Intifada" and others not only put forward the necessity of armed struggle, but go over to developing armed actions.

Now, perhaps we have expanded a bit on Sweden, but we think that what we have put forward serves to blow up the fairytale of the imperialist stability, particularly as the miserable shameless social democrats who, in order to promote the interests of Swedish imperialism, love to appear in every little corner of the world to sell the story of "social harmony in Sweden" and their famous "democracy"; it is not without reason that the United Nations have sent a sinister Swedish official, expert in counterinsurgency work, as "high representative" of the famous "human rights" in Nepal.

The question for the communists is not to follow the "great example" of the "re-envisionists", but to center on the revolution, see the present situation and the tasks we face, always starting from our class position, from the position of the proletariat, in the light of Marxism-Leninism-Maoism, principally Maoism. Although the opportunists now get out of control in their delirium, one must not listen to their siren songs; one must not fall in the old trap of bourgeois "respectability", one must not be pessimistic. Our center is to combat, today, tomorrow and forever being the bearers of what is new, of the future, of communism. May the damned traitors enjoy their "example" – we know that with the communists of the world, the international proletariat and the peoples, we shall triumph and sweep imperialism, reaction and revisionism off the face of the Earth with people's war. Long live the world people's war!



